Time series analysis when "good enough" is good enough



Boris Gorelik, Ph.D boris@gorelik.net



PyCon Israel Bar Ilan University. June 2017

Time series analysis when "good enough" is good enough

In deep trouble
The simplicity ladder
The hole is deeper than I thought
Light at the end of the tunnel
The ladder isn't tall enough
Towards the bright future

THIS PRESENTATION IS BASED ON A TRUE STORY.
FOR DRAMATIC AND NARRATIVE PURPOSES, AND TO
MAKE ME, THE PRESENTER, LOOK BETTER, THIS
PRESENTATION CONTAINS FUNCTIONALIZED SCENES
AND DIALOGUES, AS WELL AS MODIFIED TIME FLOW.
NO ANIMALS WERE HARMED DURING THE
PREPARATION OF THIS PRESENTATION

AUTOMATTIC W O A O WO O S O



POSTS WRITTEN

595,795,035

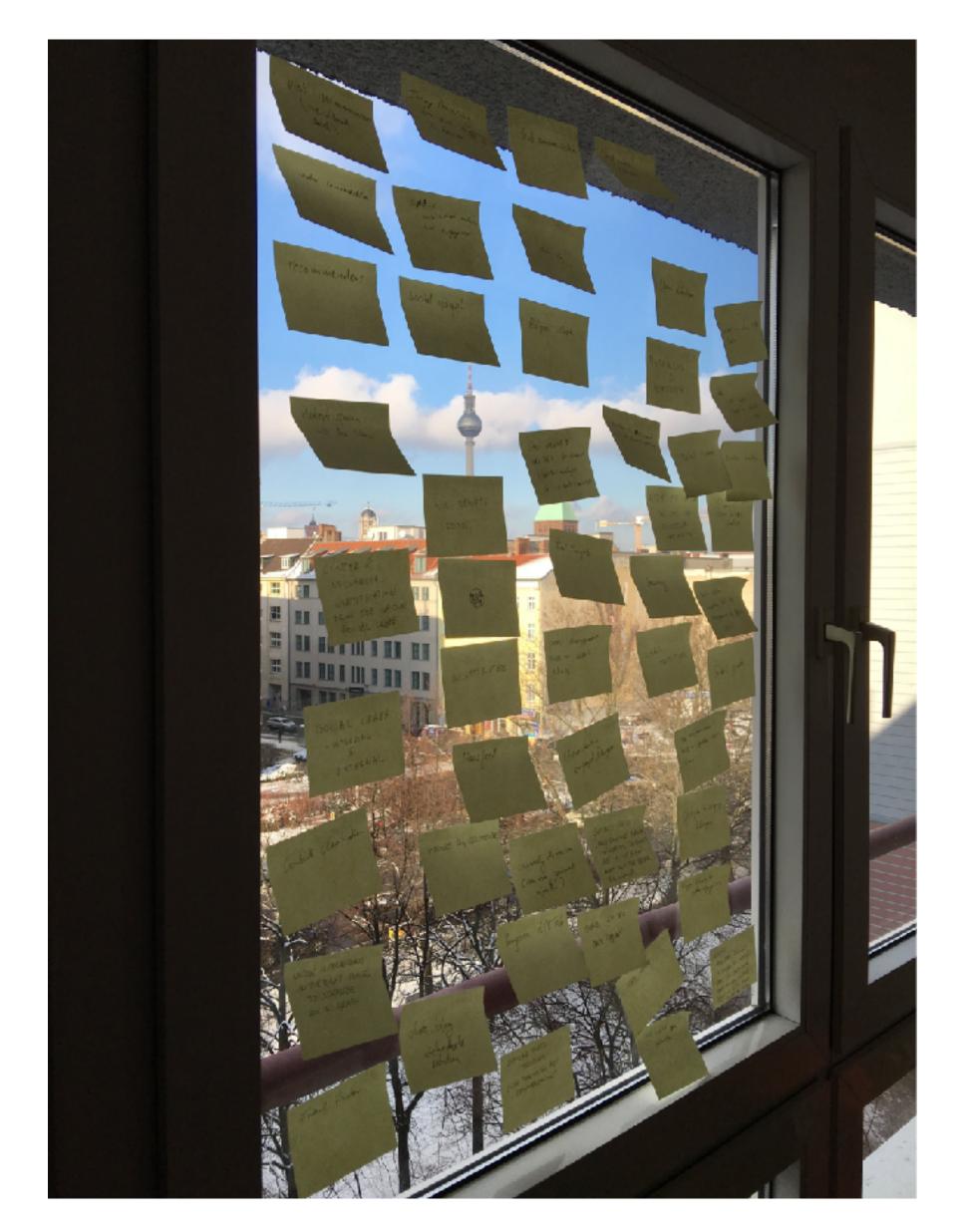


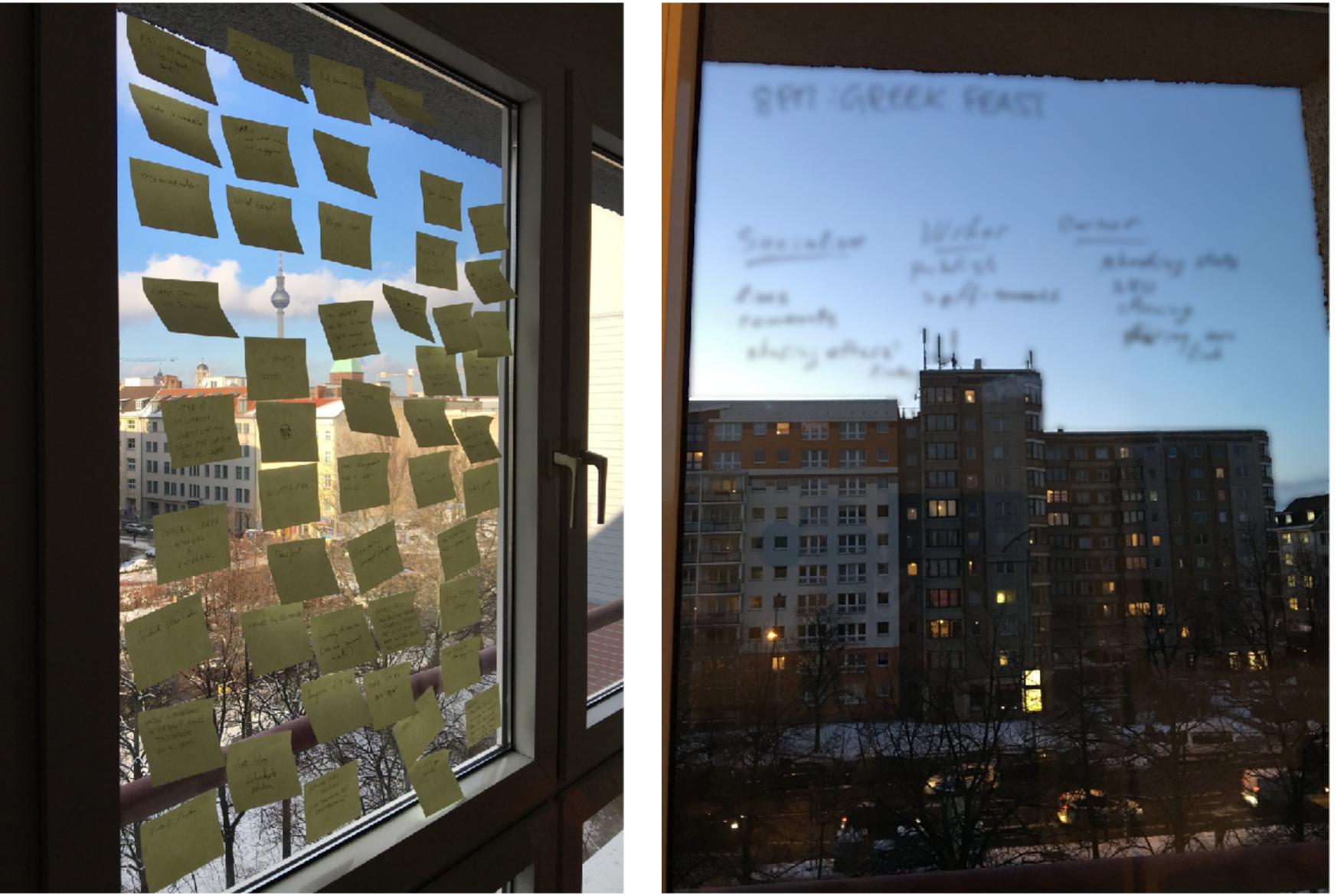
Comments Written

457,596,906 is a lot of comments (including this one, meta).

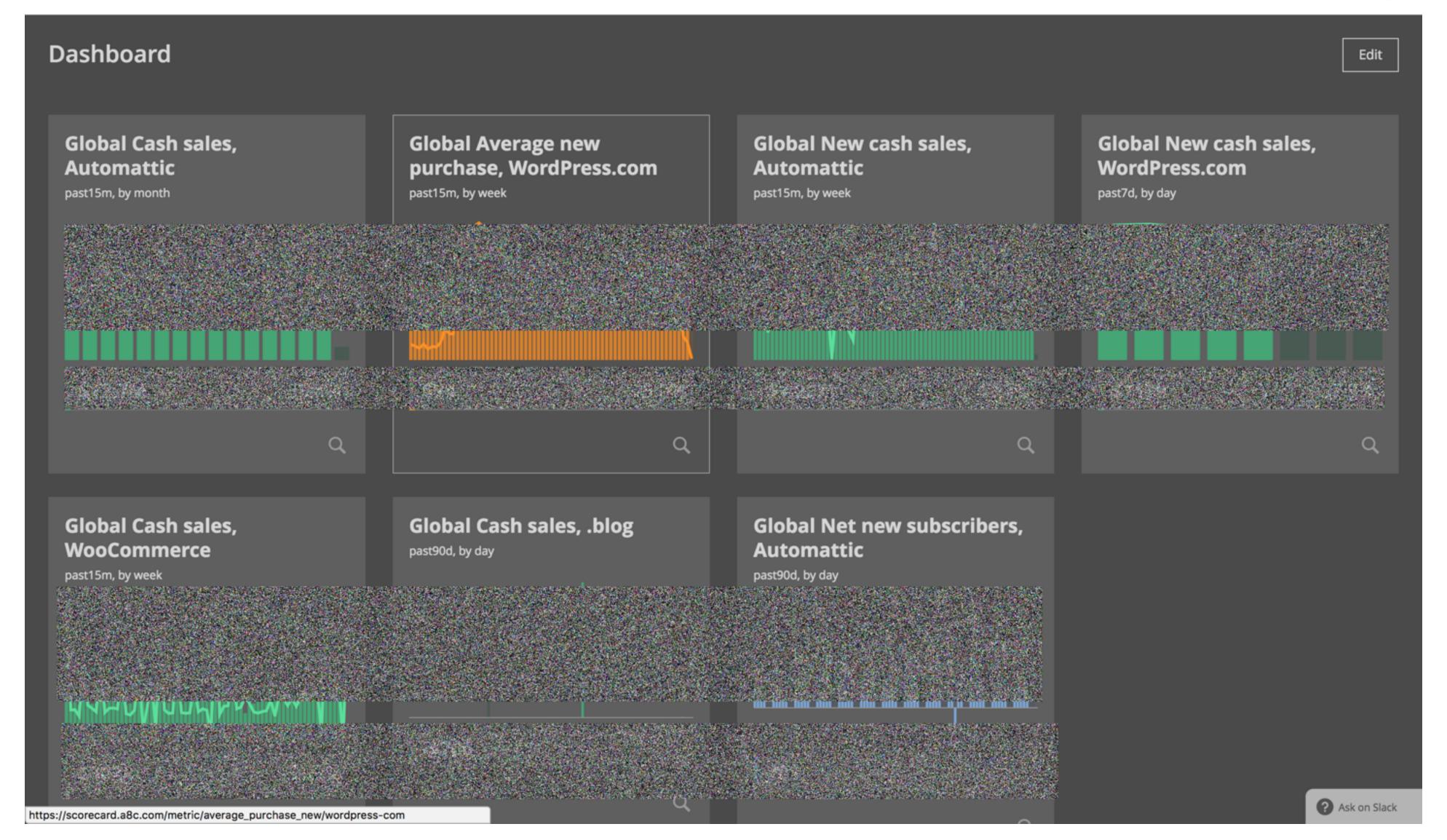












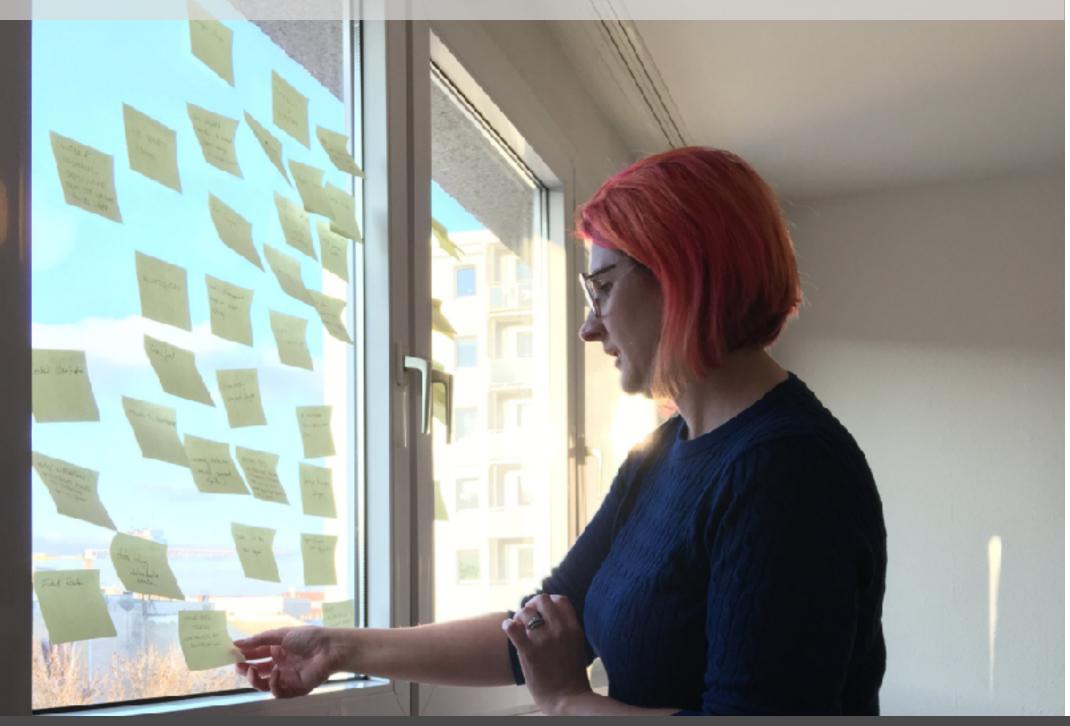


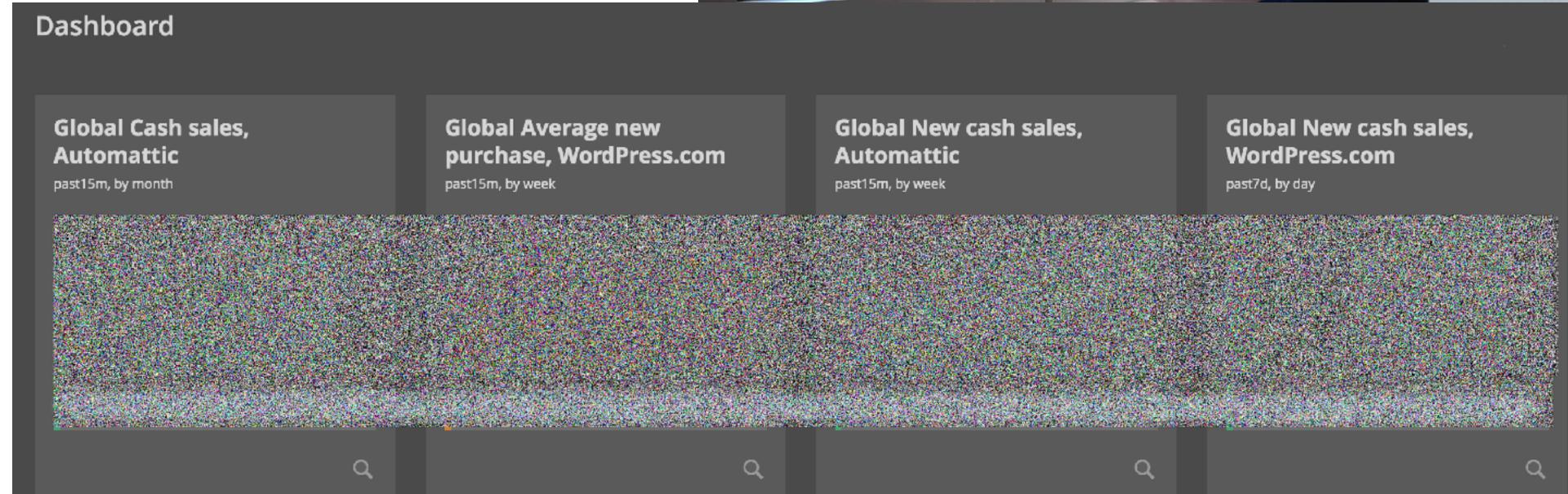






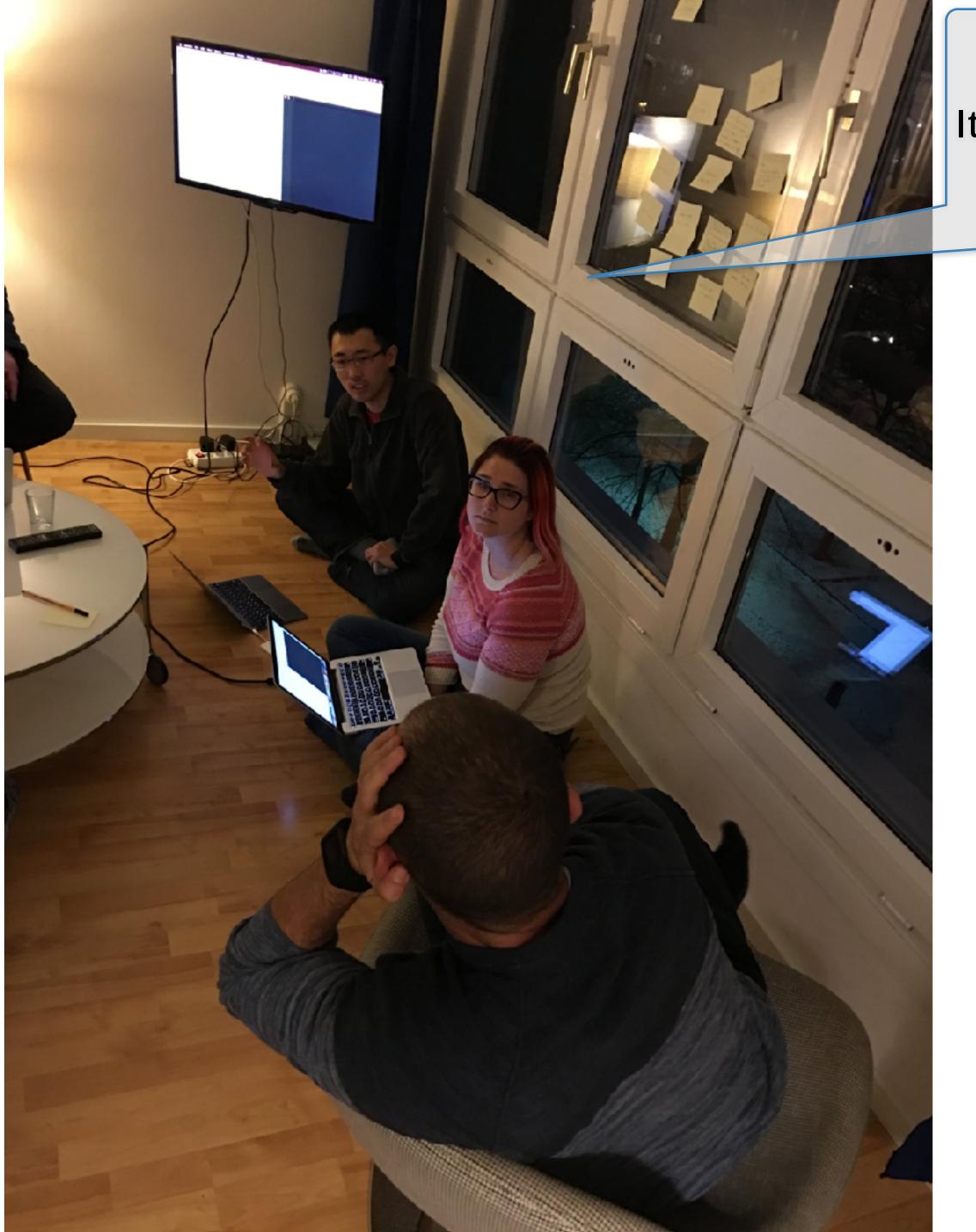






Anomaly detection on time series





It's not that simple

It is!



Time series is a tough problem. You're clearly mistaken.

It's solved problem.
An intern can do that!



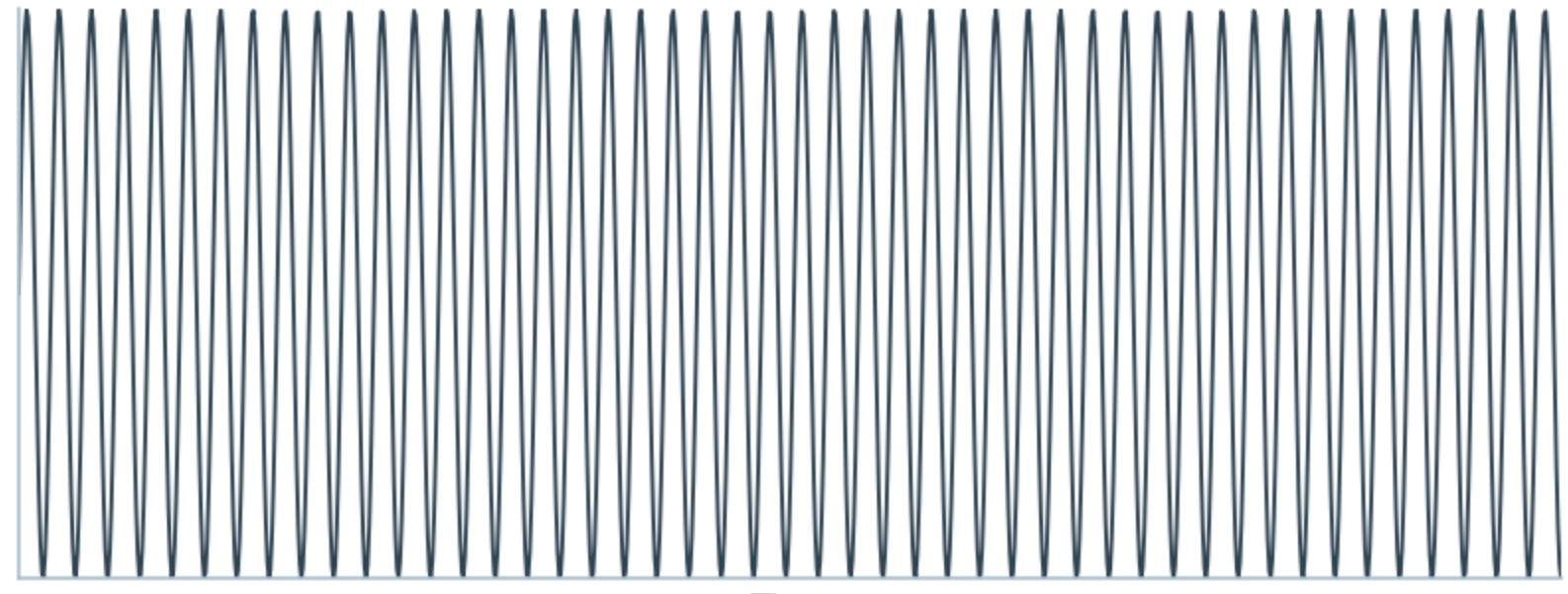


Solved problem?
Take it and solve it!

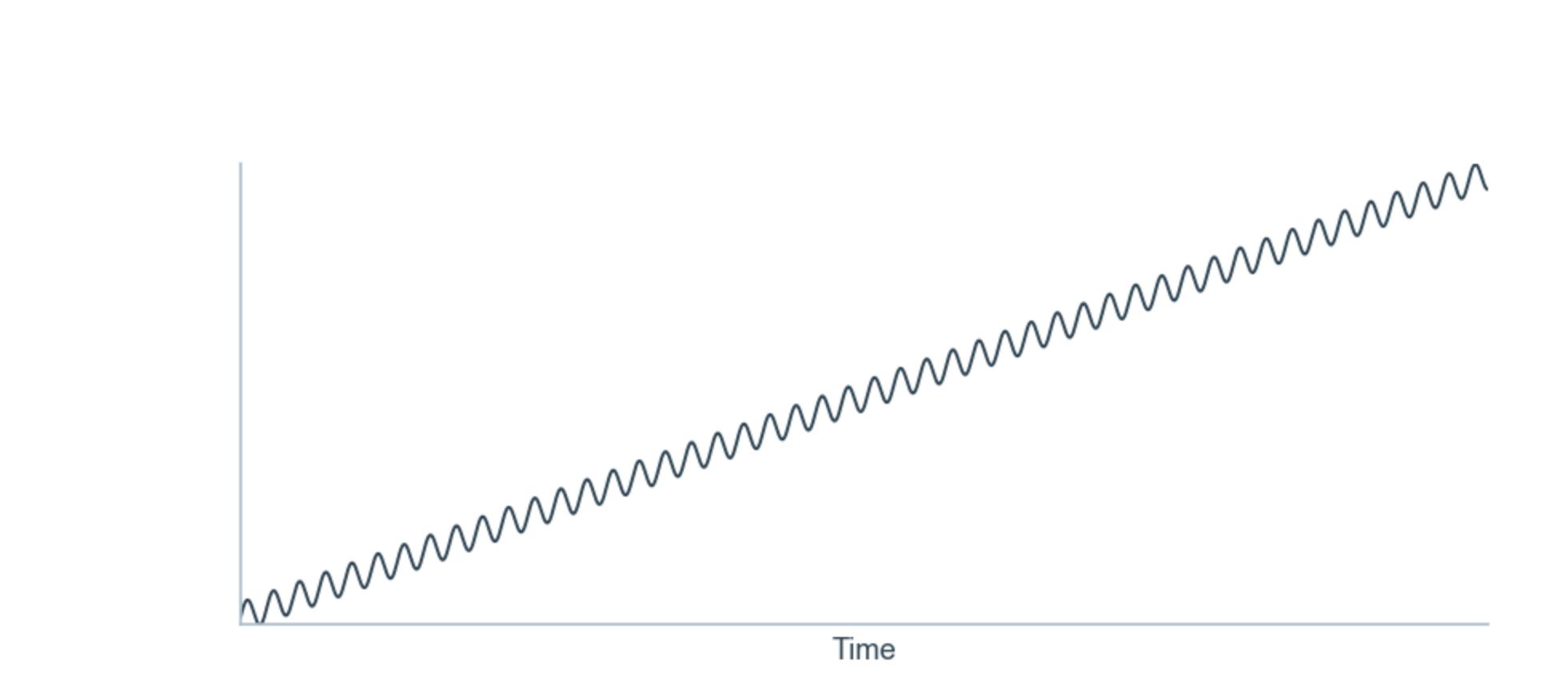
Time series analysis when "good enough" is good enough

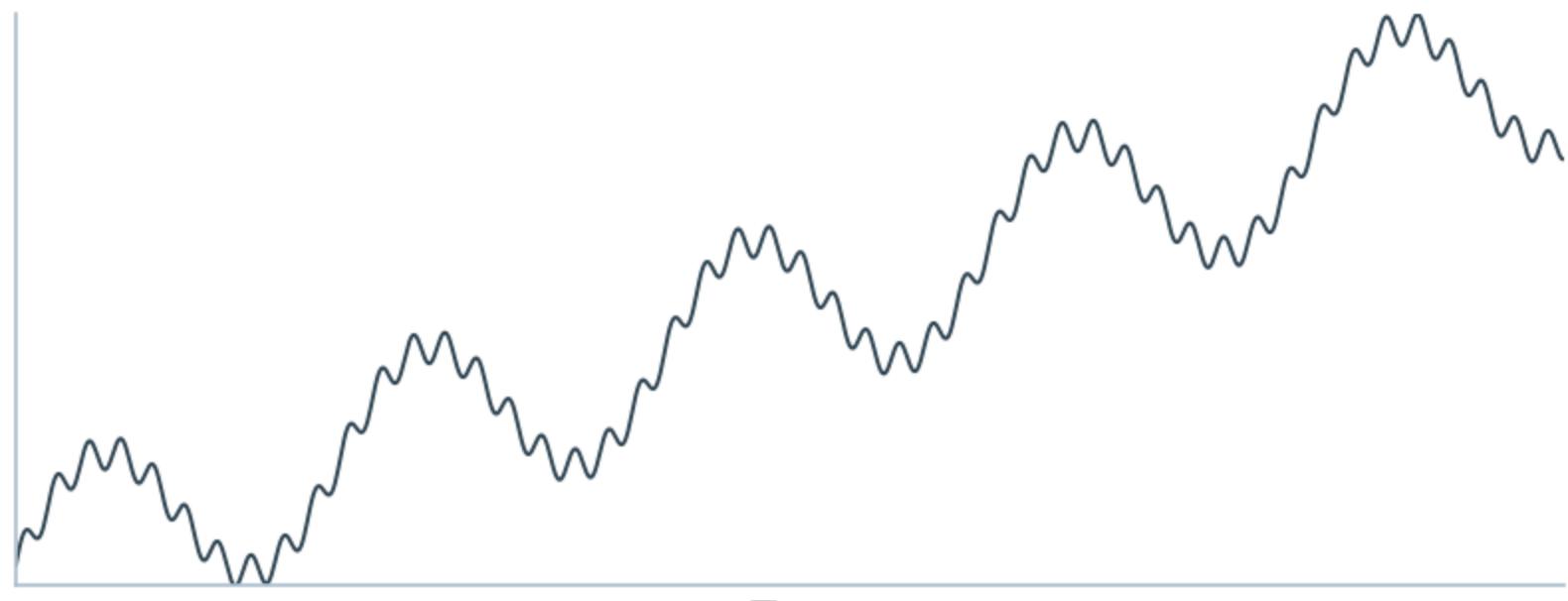
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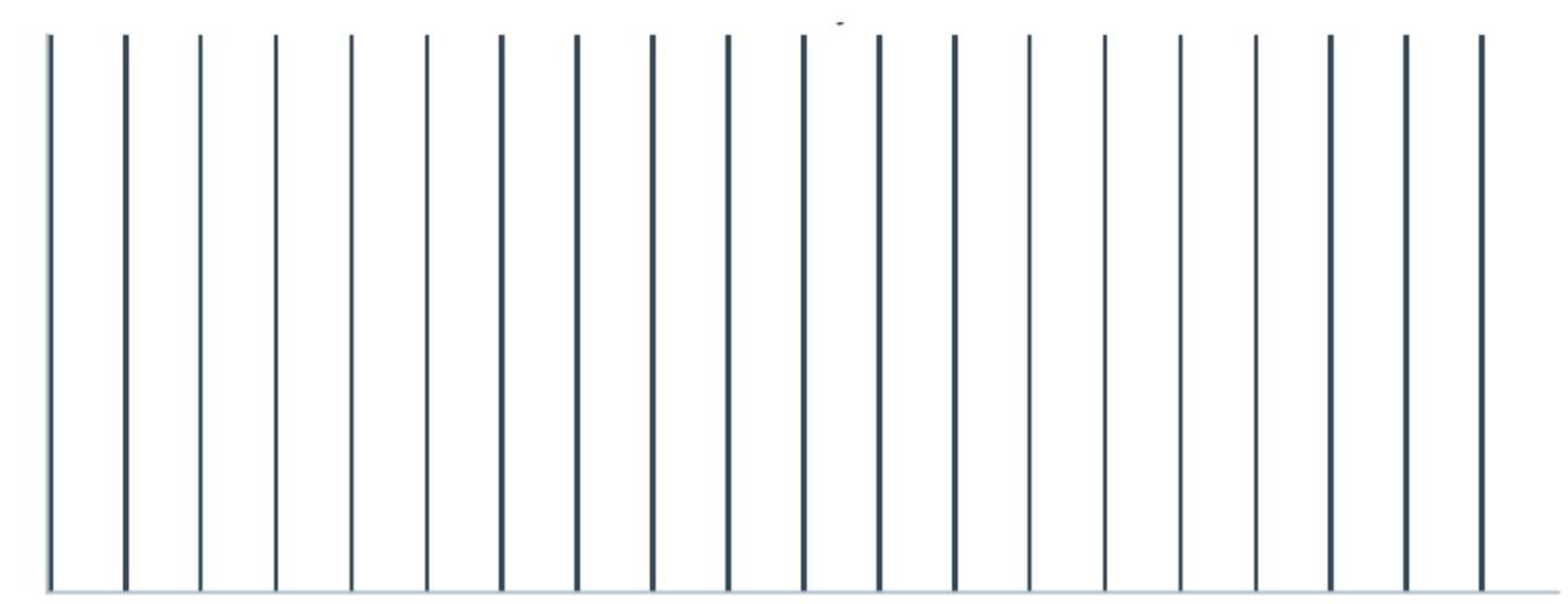


Time

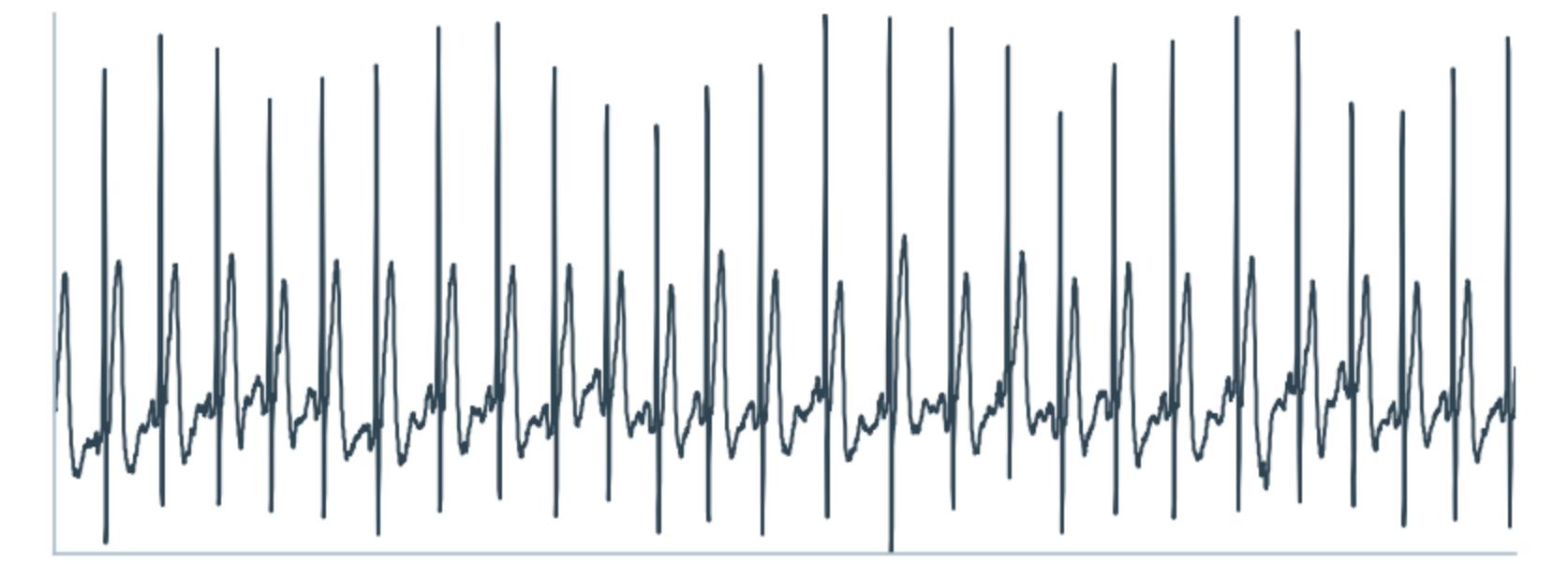




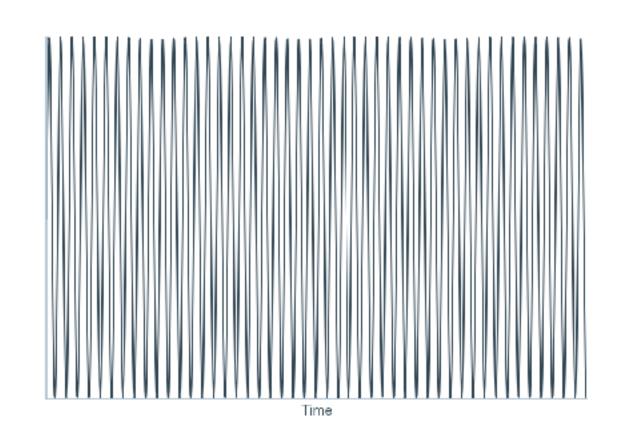
Time

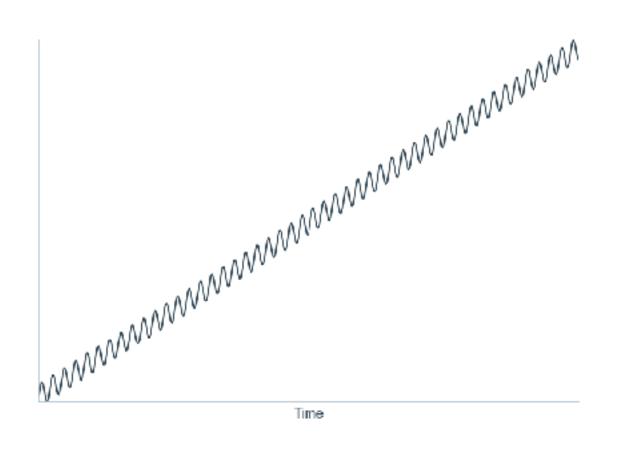


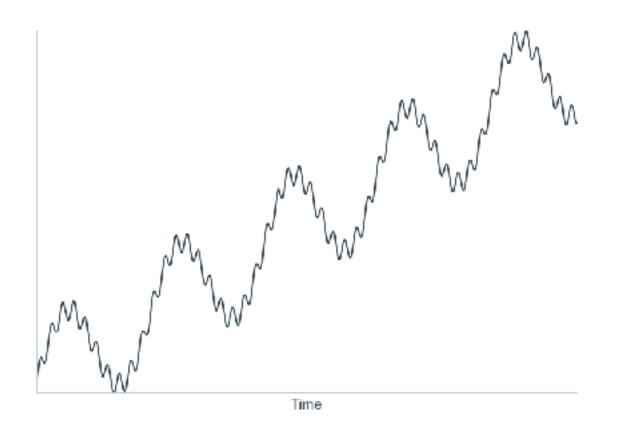
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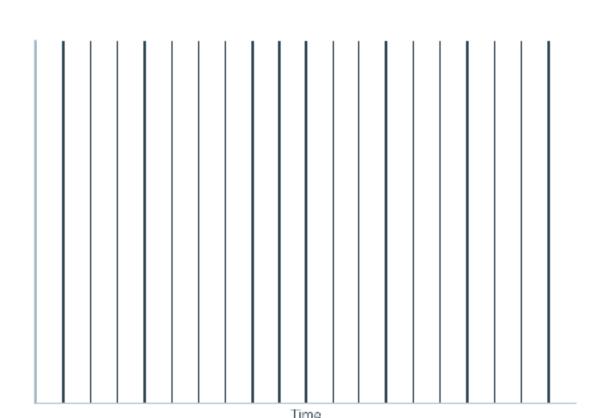


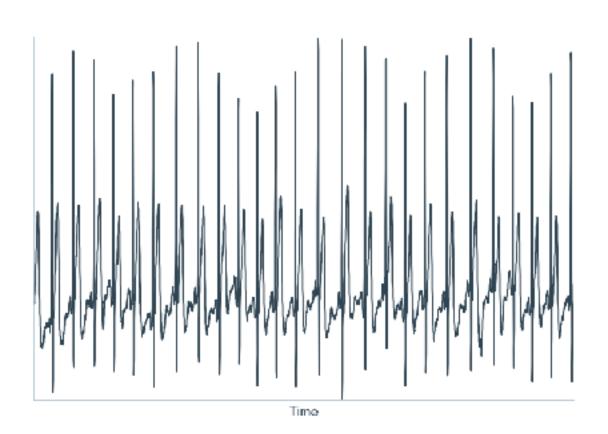
Time











- malicious users
- multiple seasonality
- spikes
- drops
- over-saturation
- under-saturation
- concept drift
- error costs

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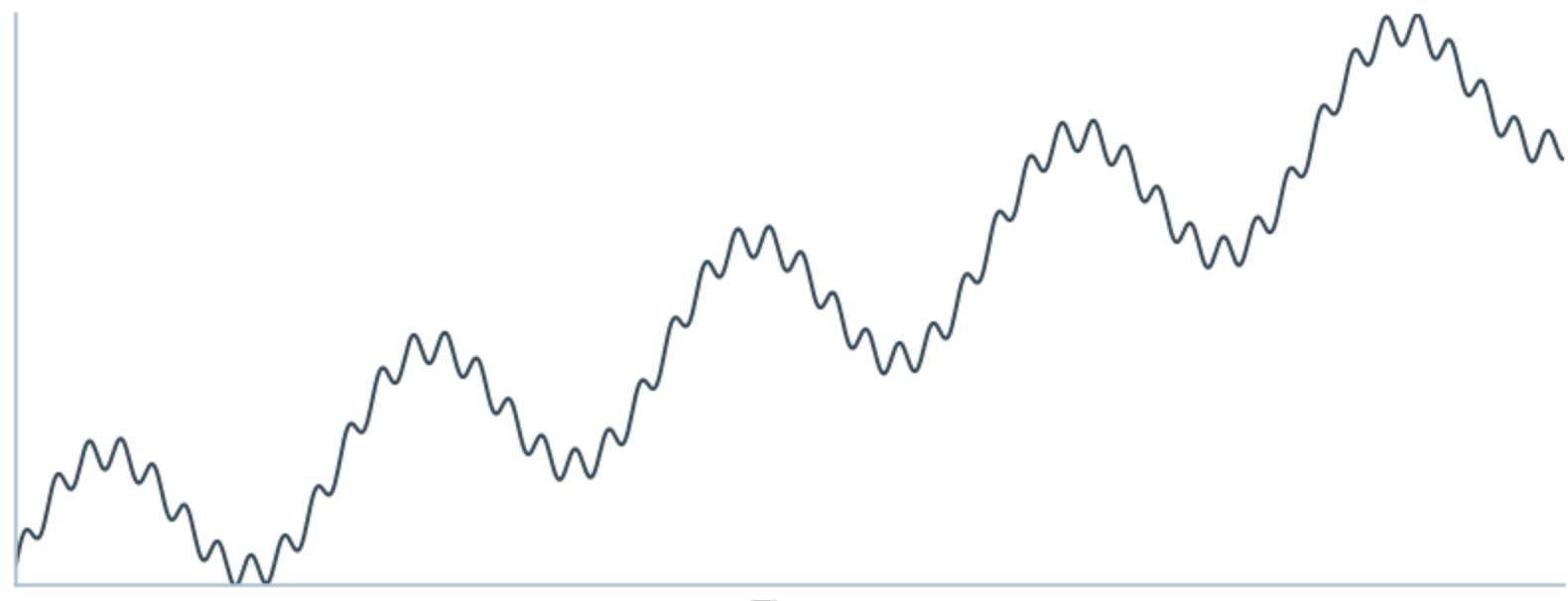
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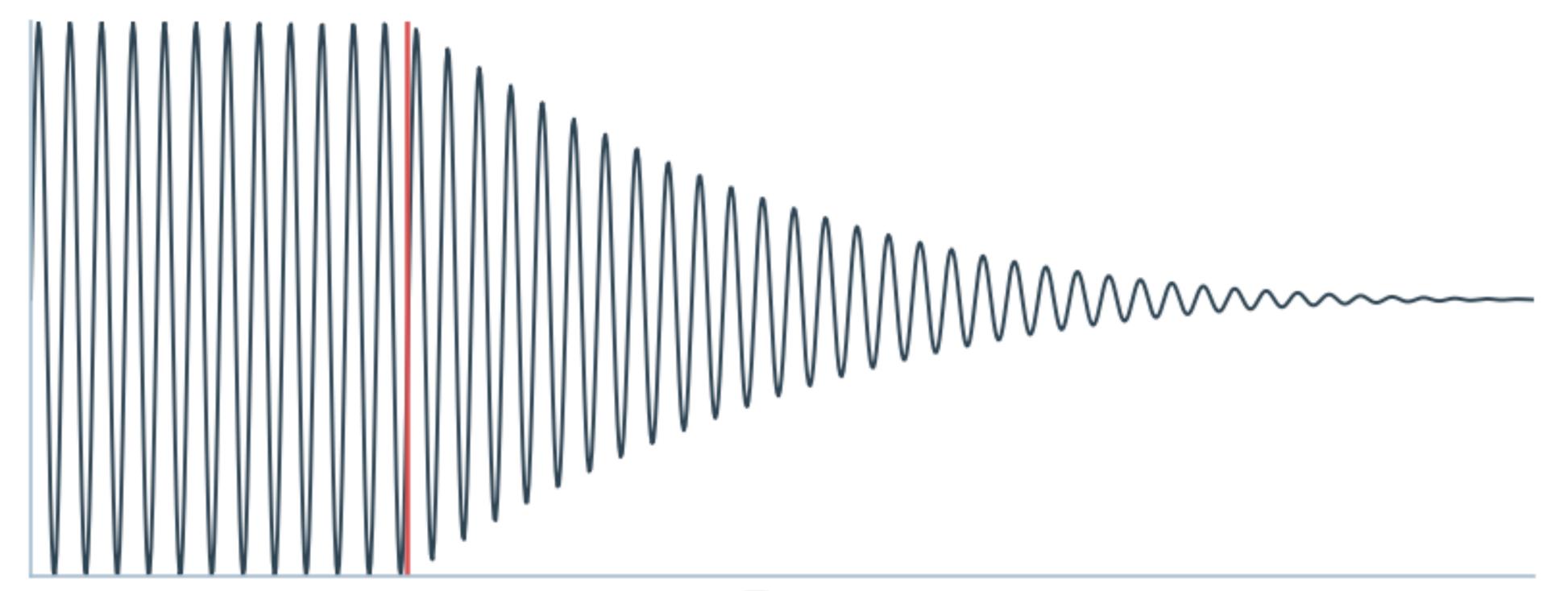
- malicious users←
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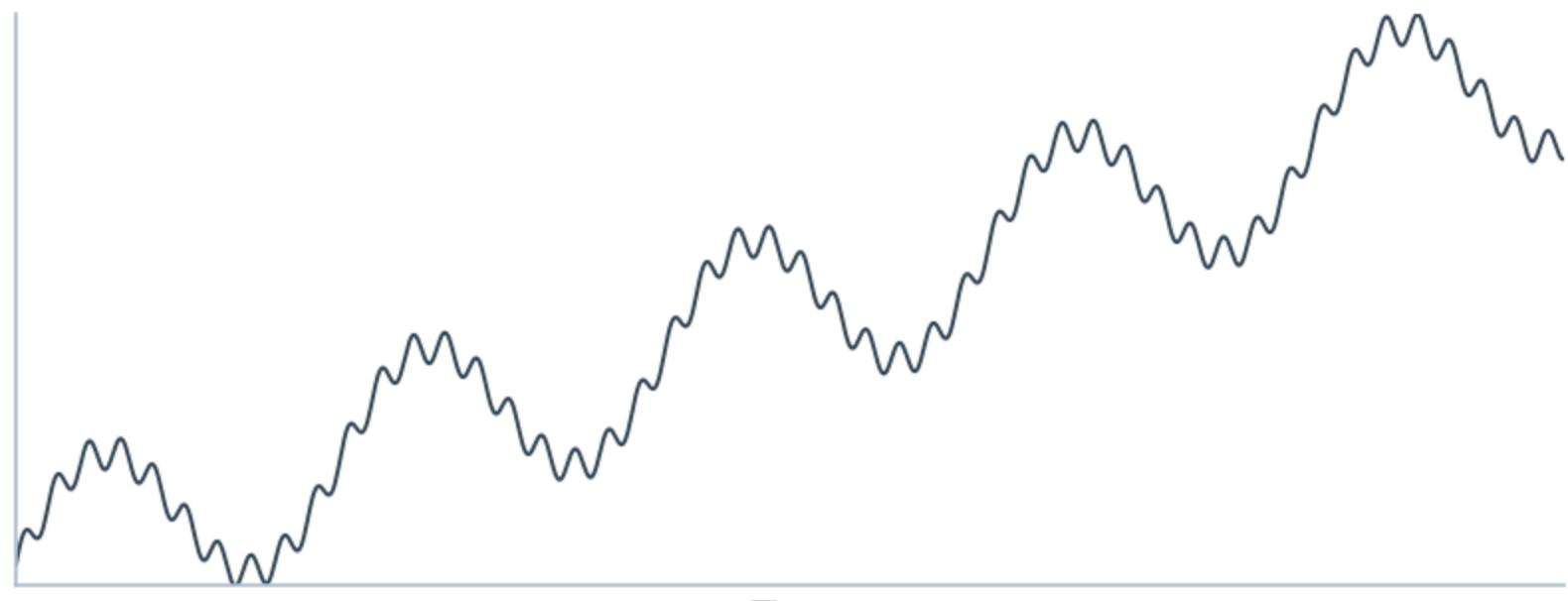
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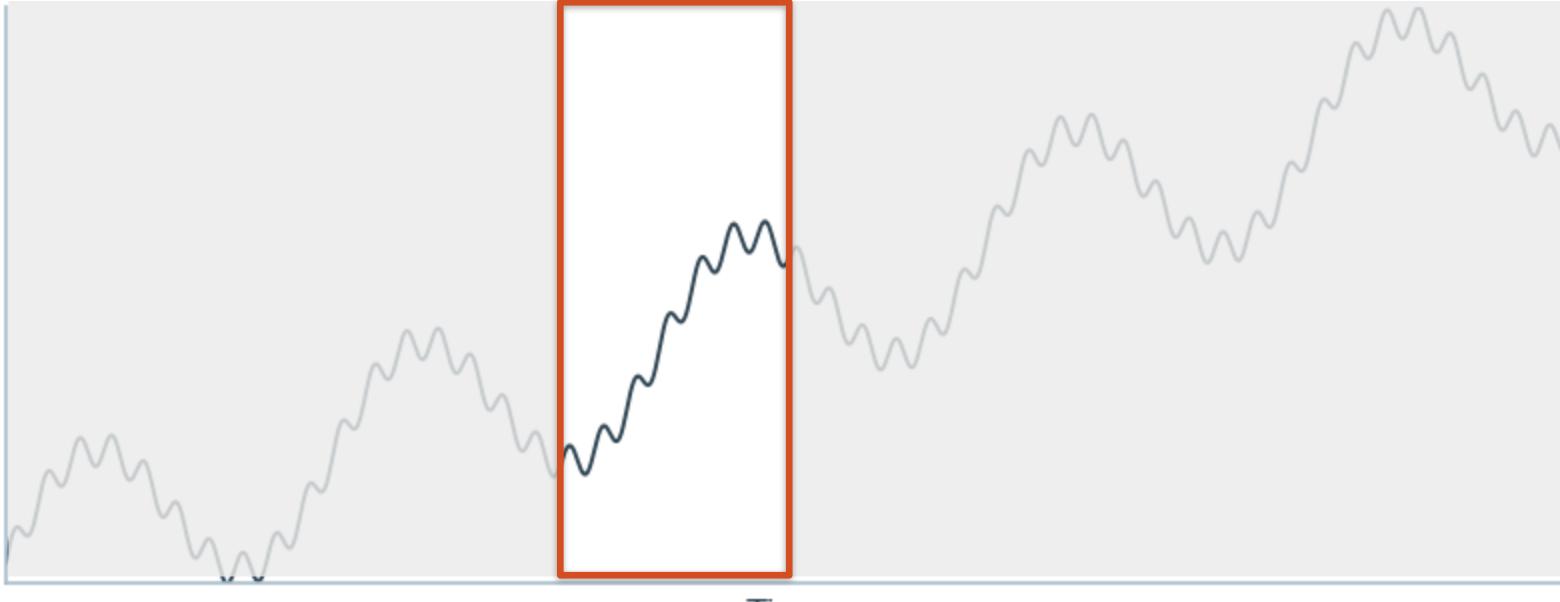
Time



Time



Time



Time

Time series is a tough problem

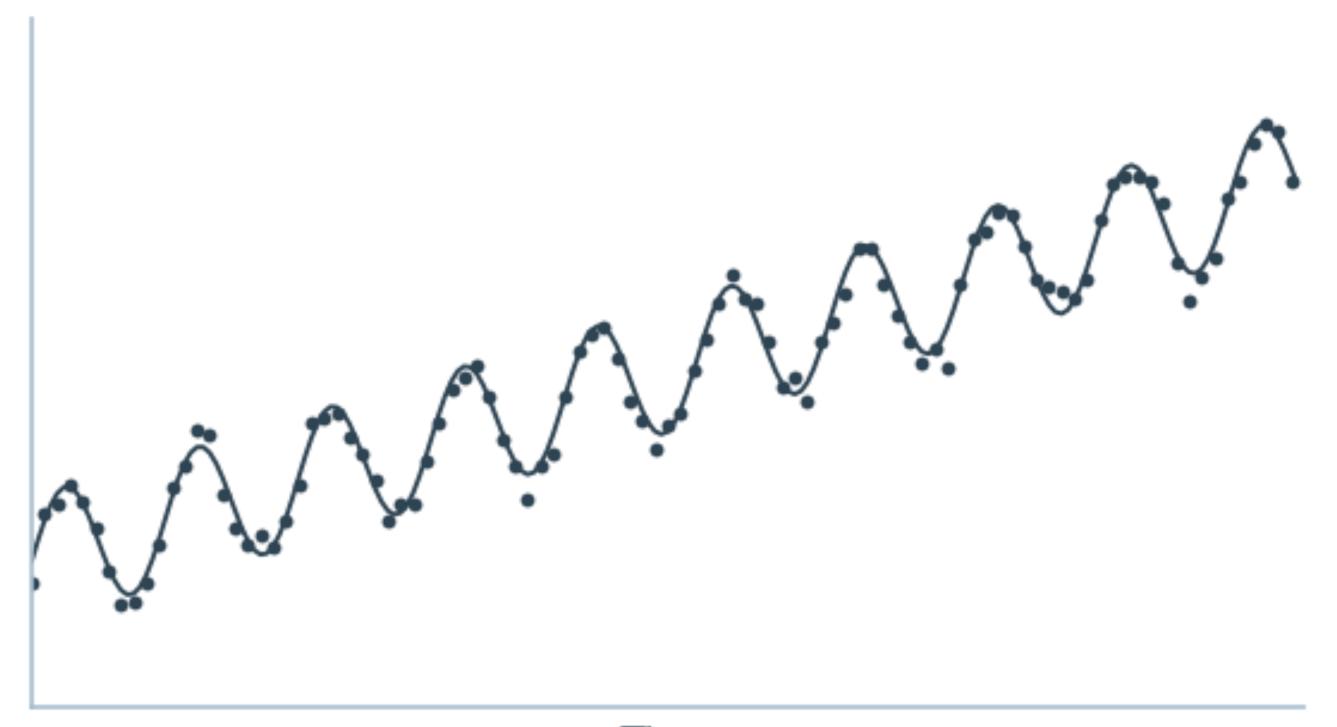
- malicious users
- multiple seasonality → limit the history & the resolution
- spikes
- drops
- over-saturation
- under-saturation
- concept drift → limit the history & the resolution
- high-frequency fluctuations
- error costs

Time series is a tough problem

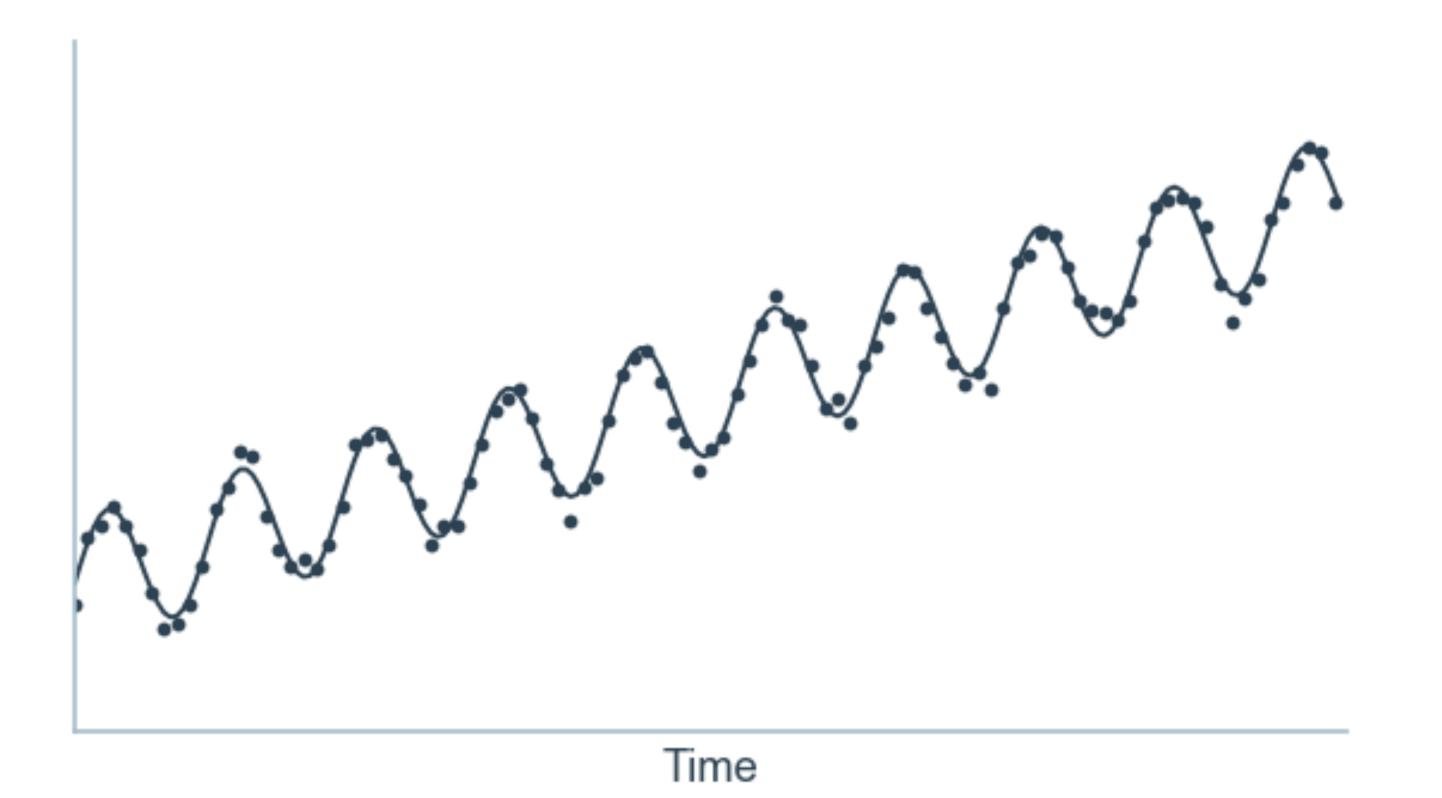
- malicious users
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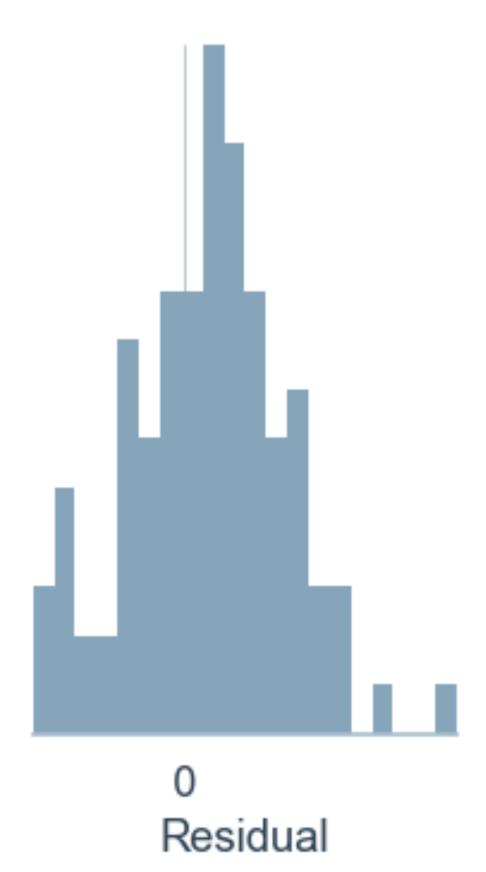


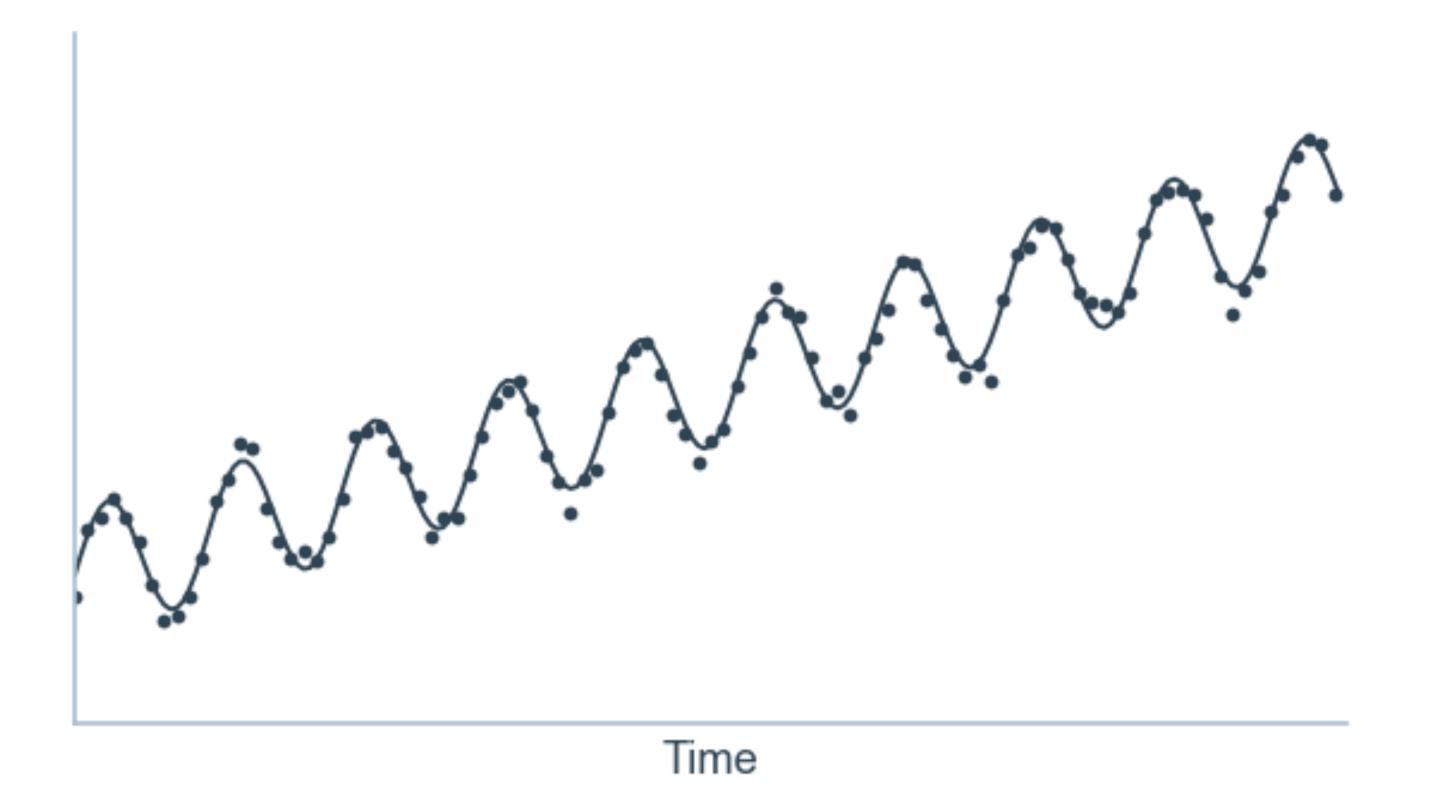
Time

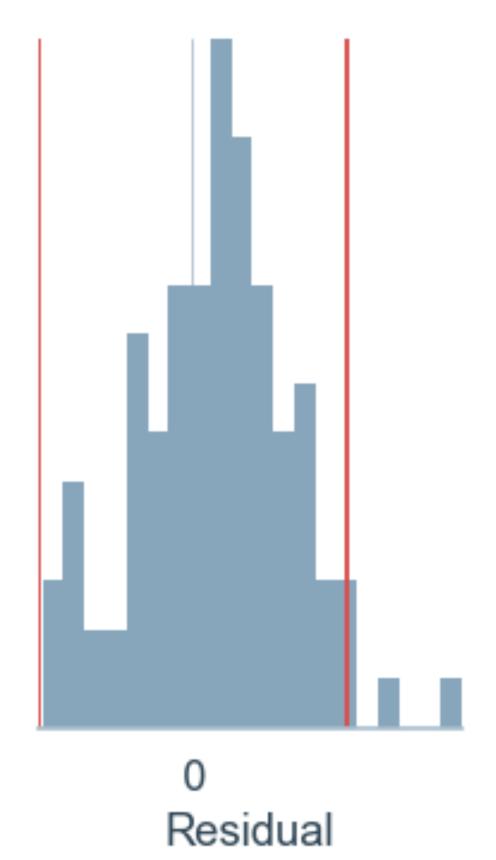


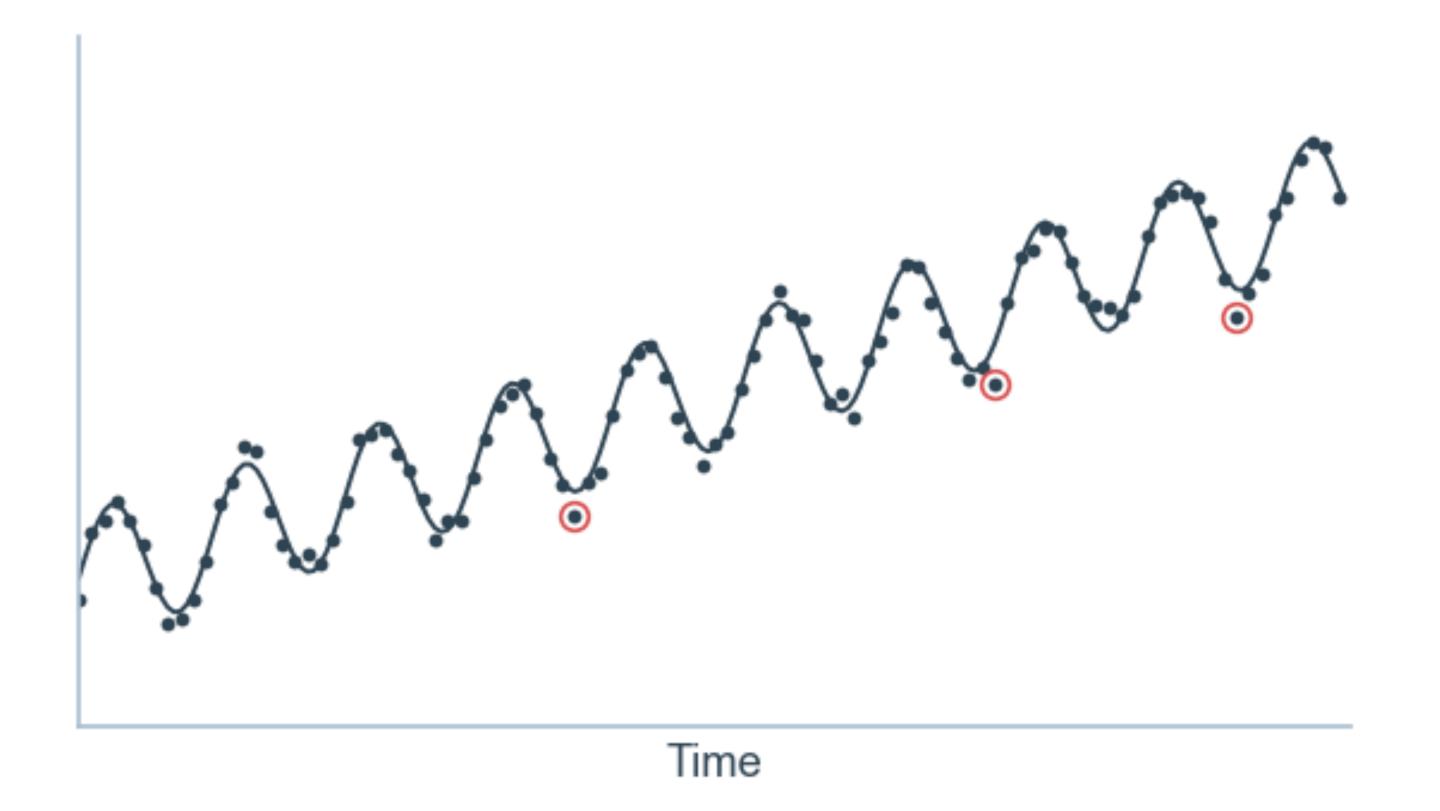
Time

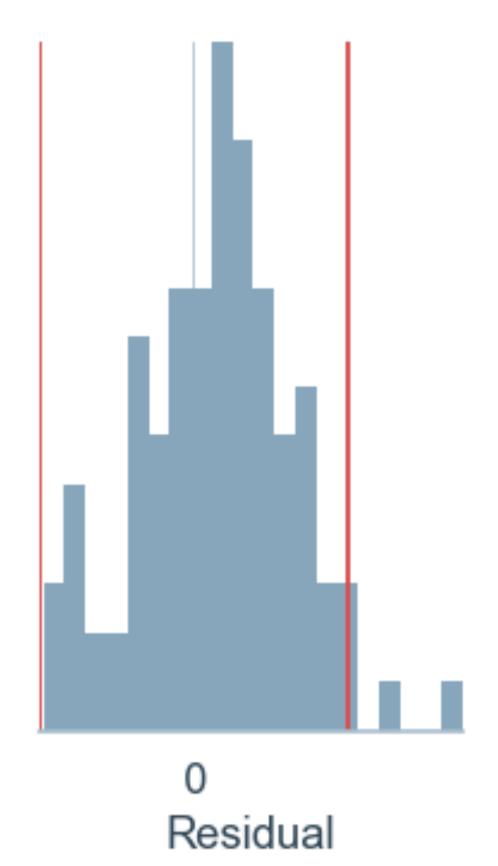












How hard can it be?

- autoregressive integrated moving average (ARIMA)
- fast Fourier transform
- hidden Markov model
- recurrent neural networks
- support vector machines

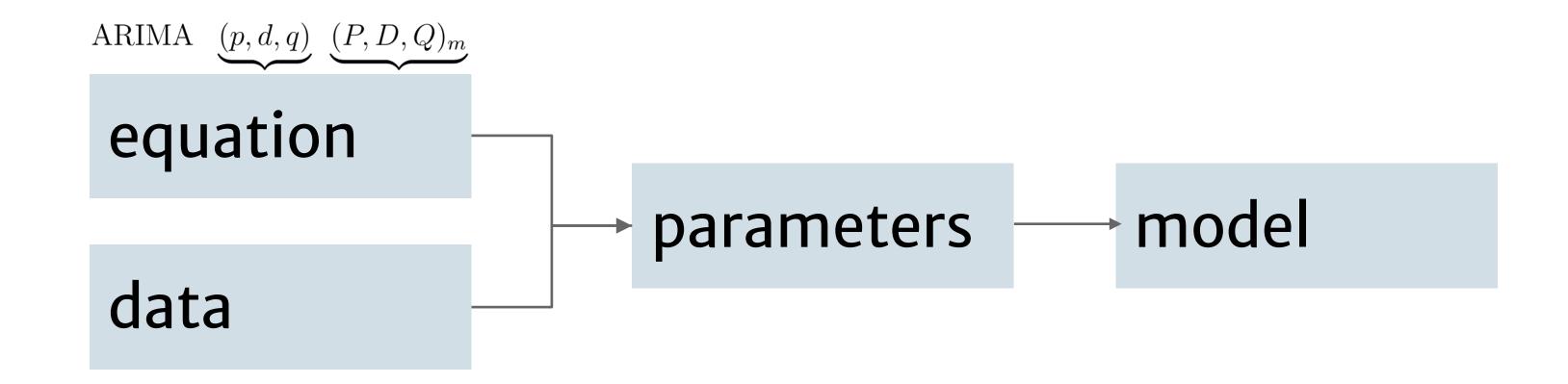
•

autoregressive integrated moving average

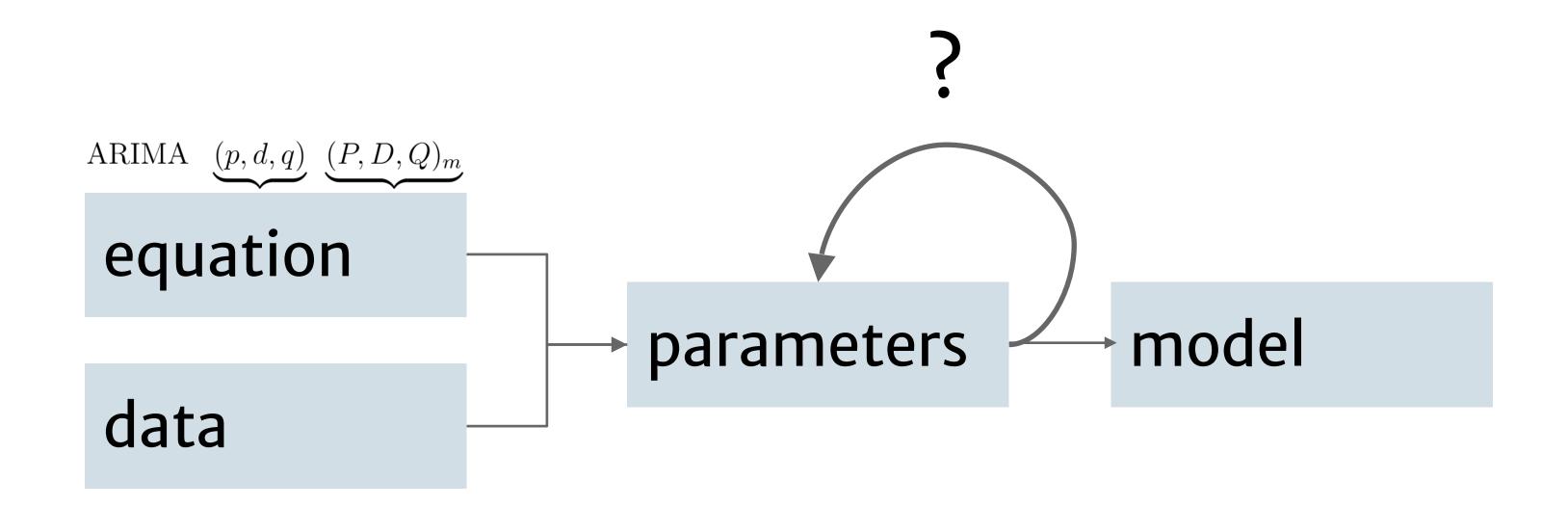
ARIMA
$$(p, d, q)$$
 $(P, D, Q)_m$
 \uparrow

(Non-seasonal part of the model)

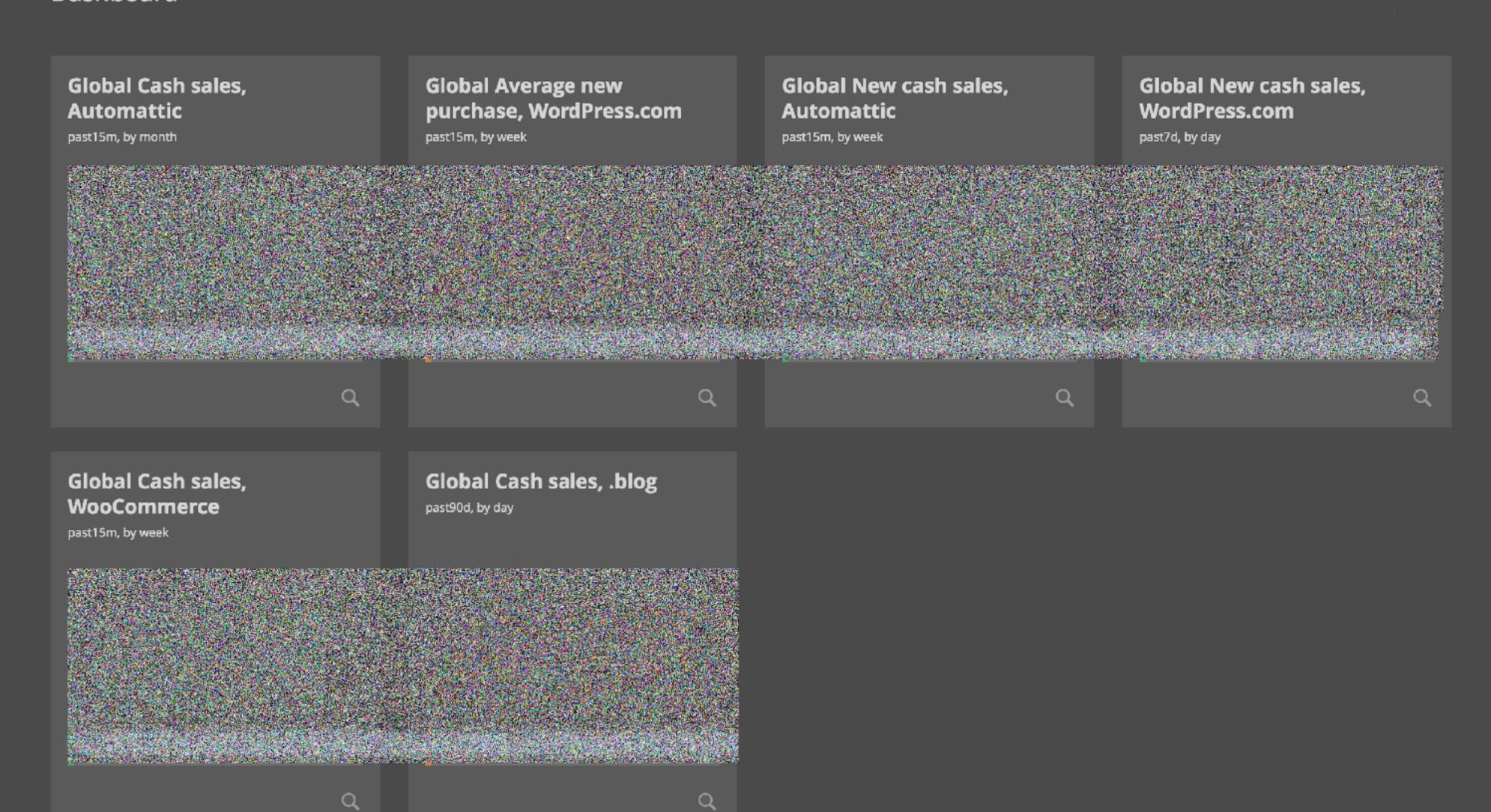
(Seasonal part of the model)

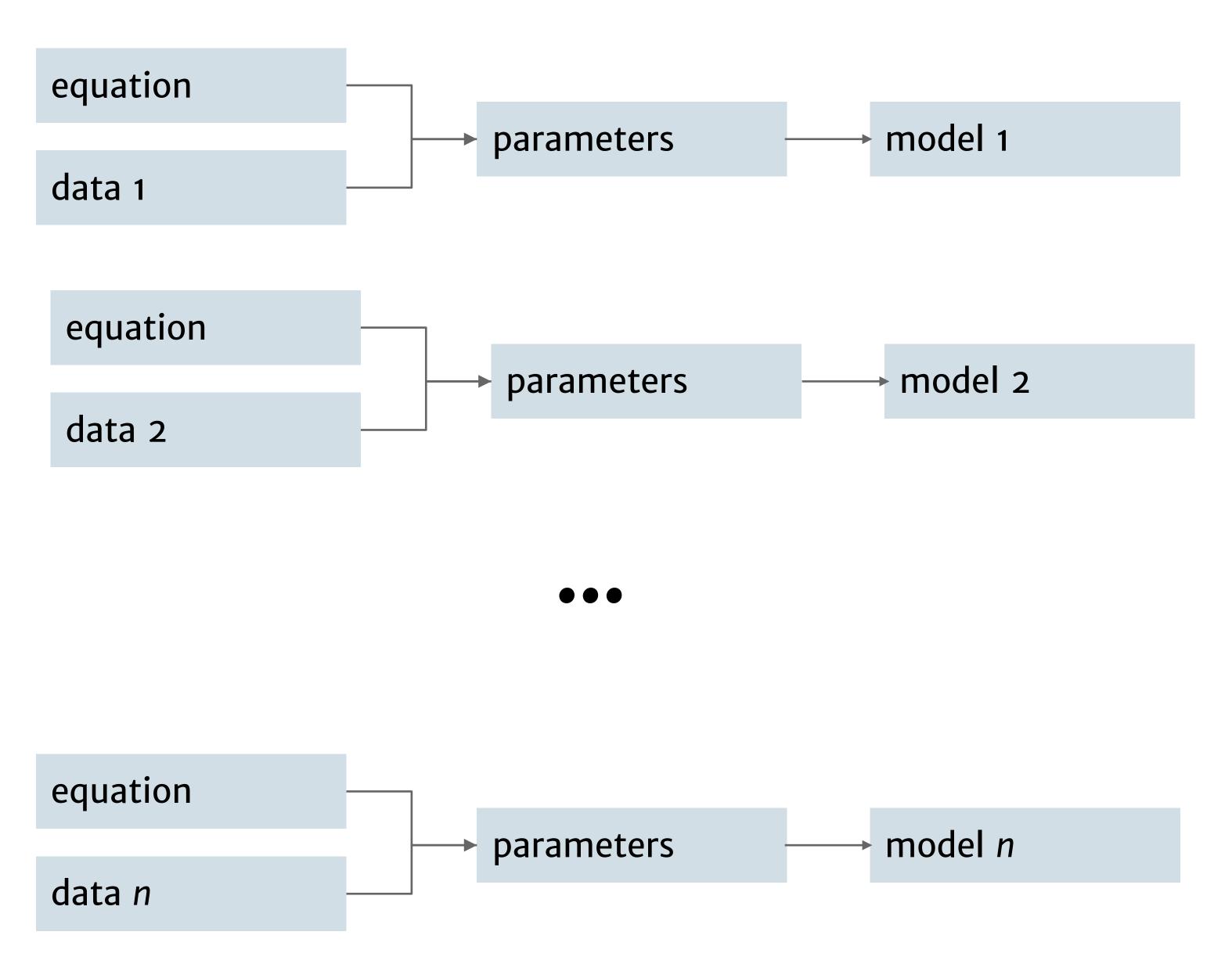


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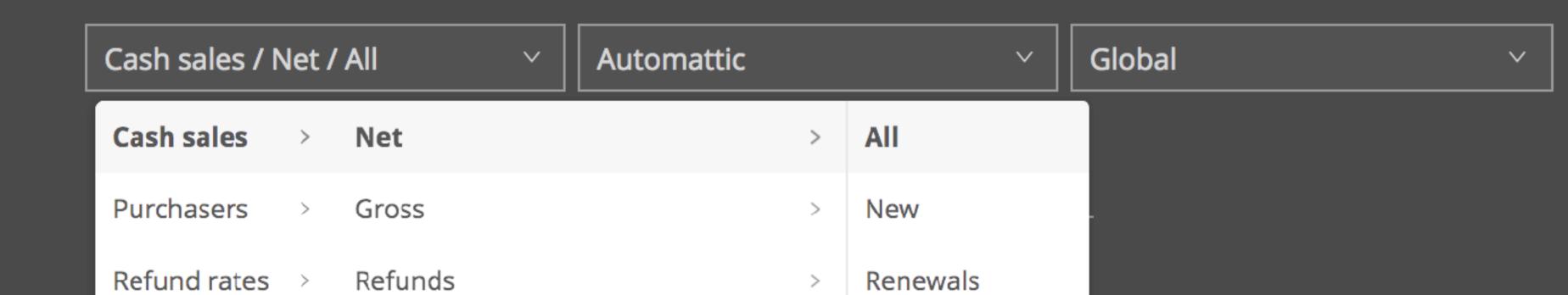


Dashboard





N≅10

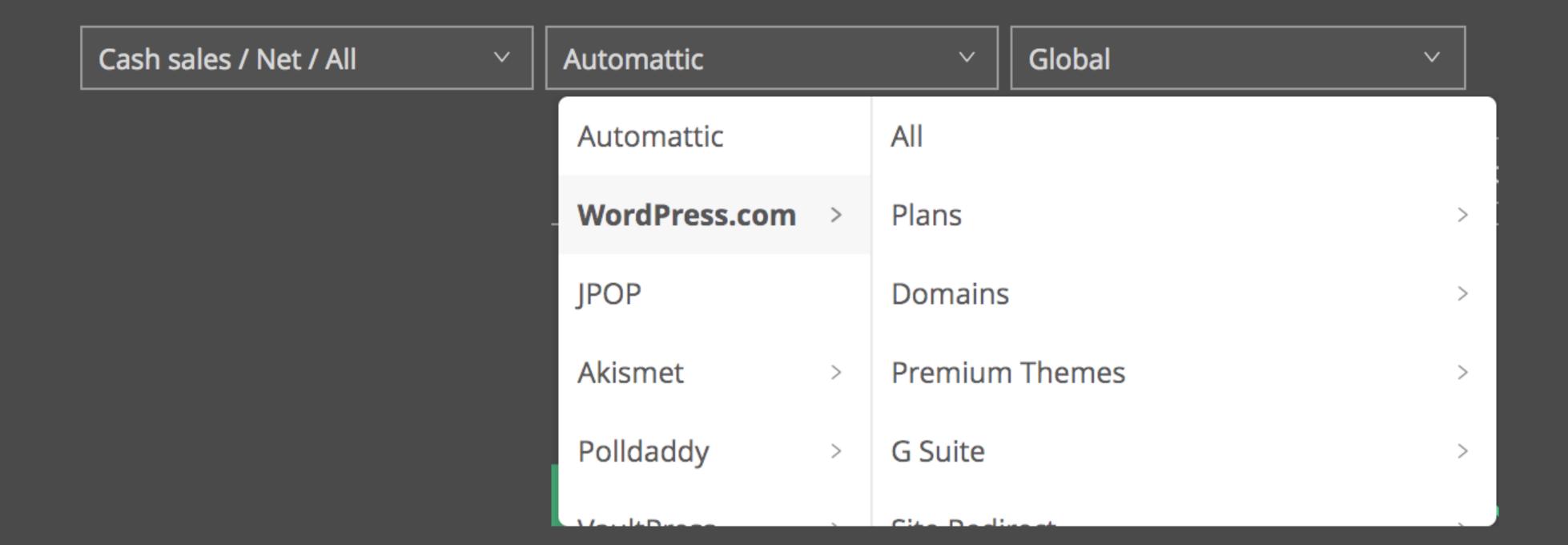


Manual

Subscribers

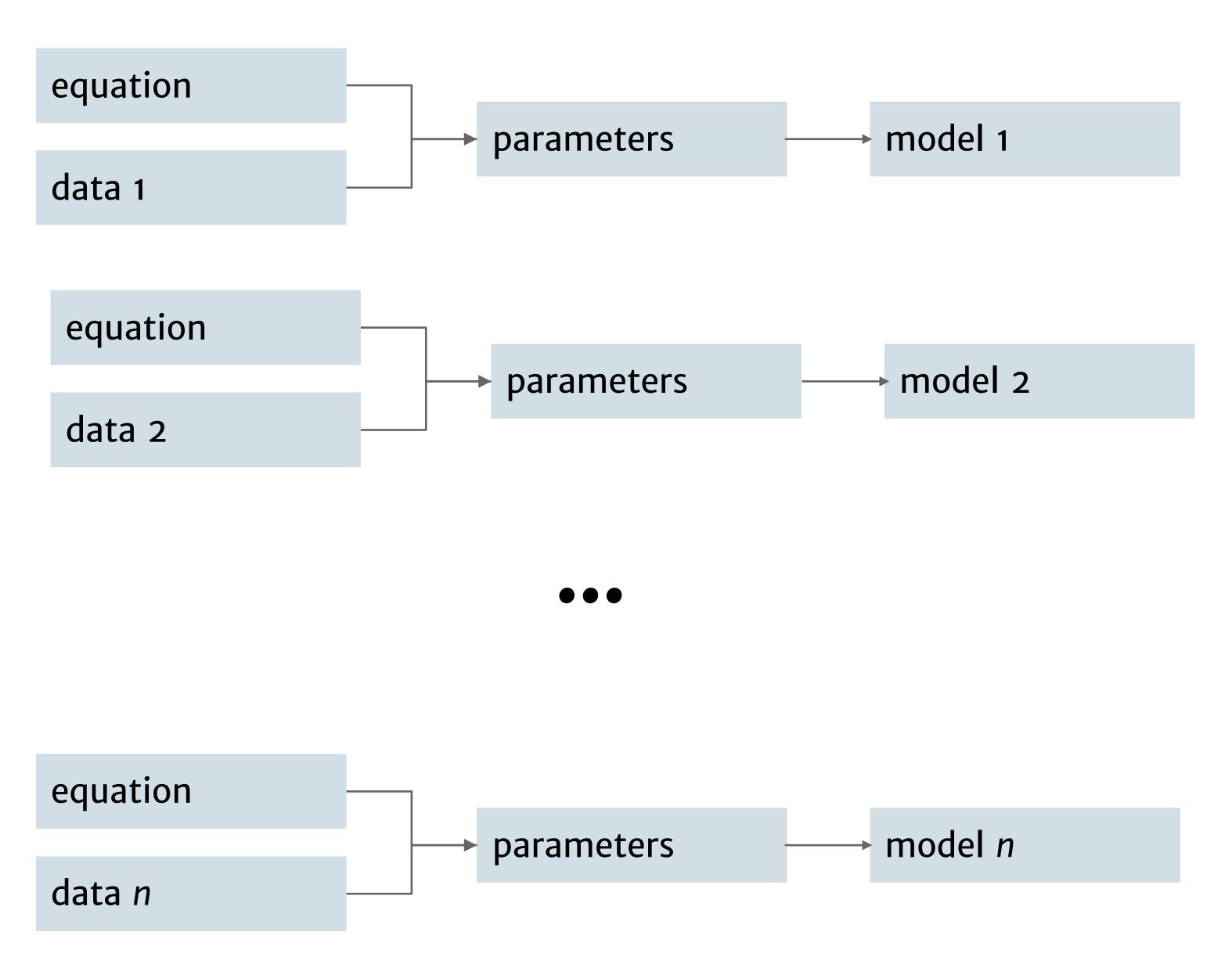
Taxes

Average purchase

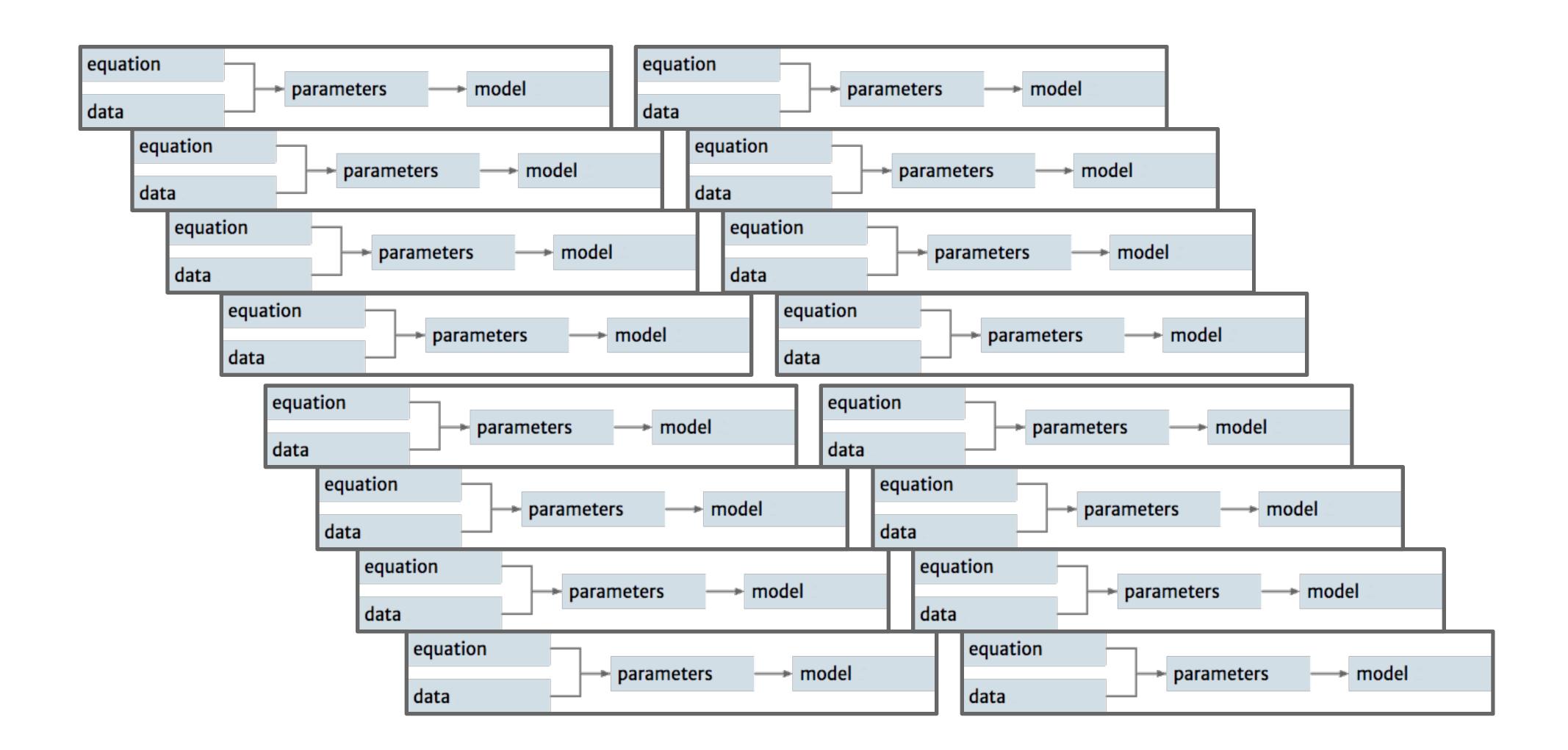


Cash sales / Net / All Global Automattic ~ V Global Continents Africa Asia Europe Latin America North America

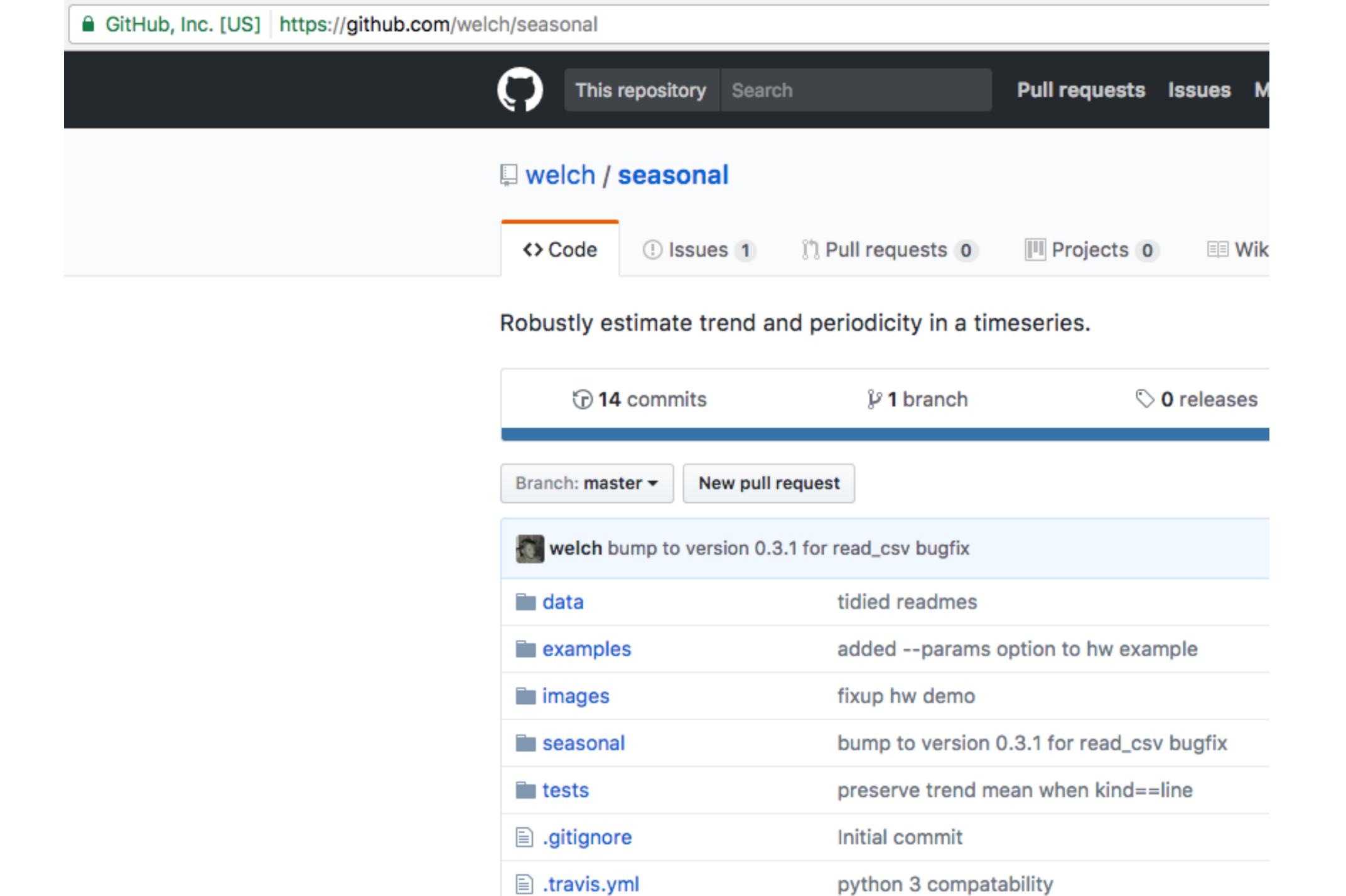
Oceania



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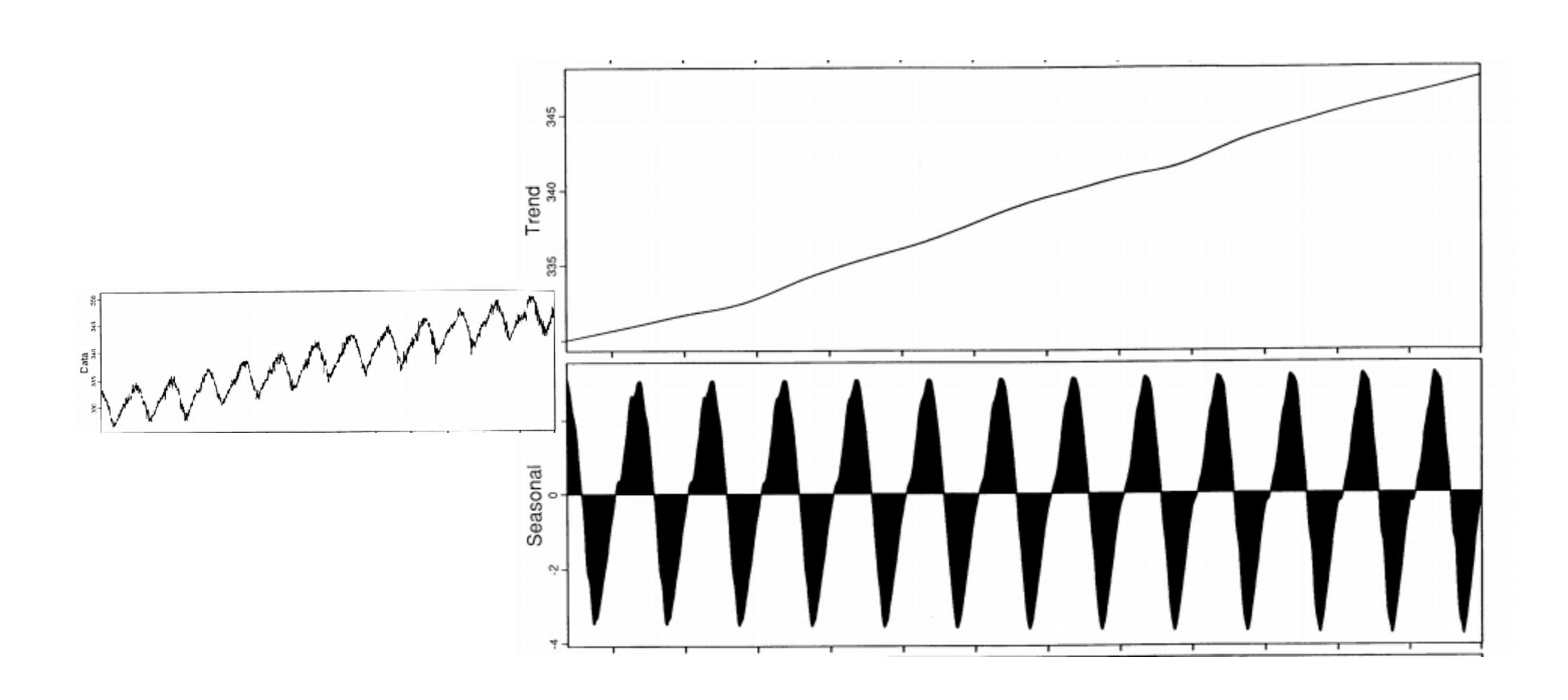


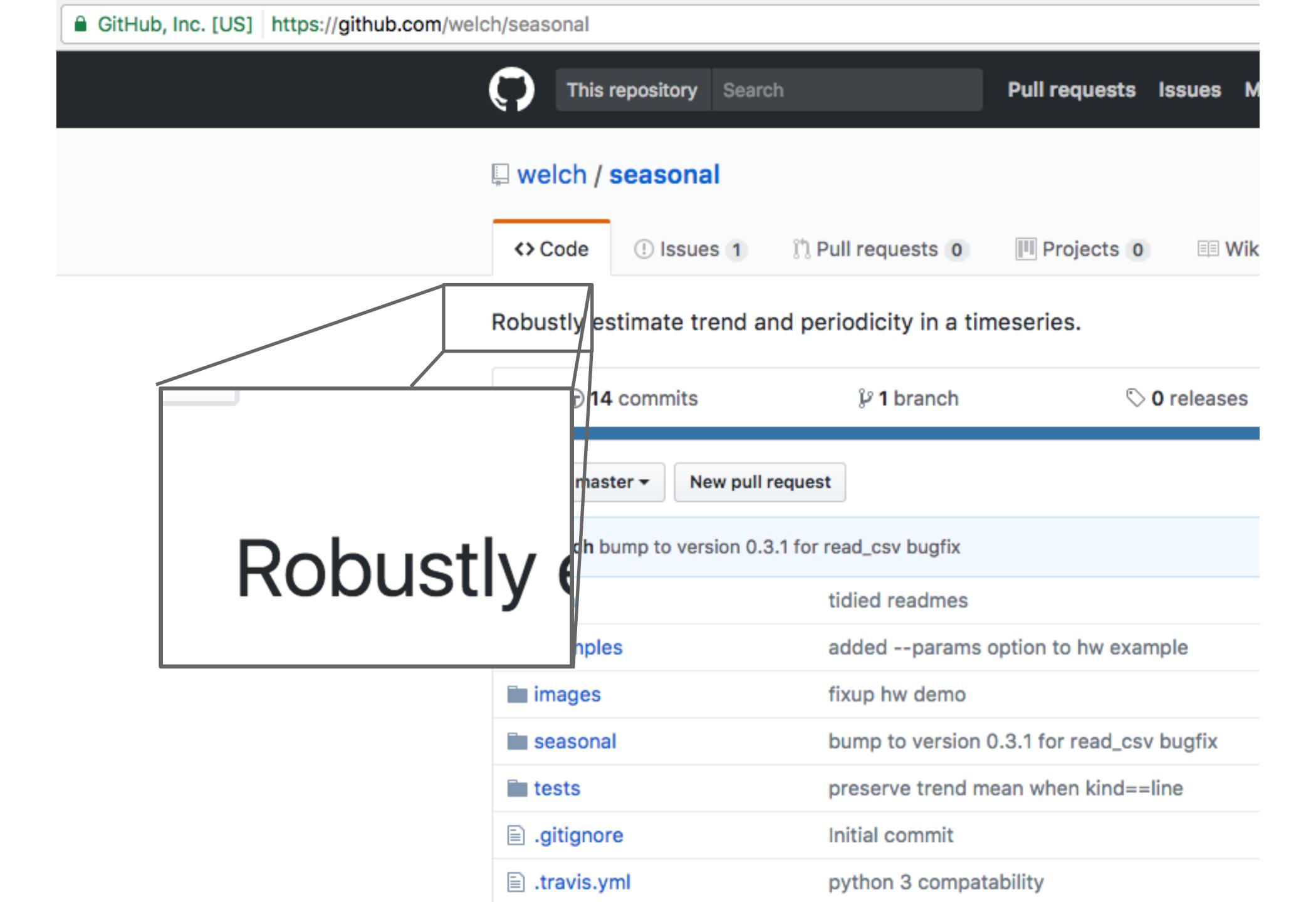
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STL: A Seasonal-Trend Decomposition Procedure Based on Loess

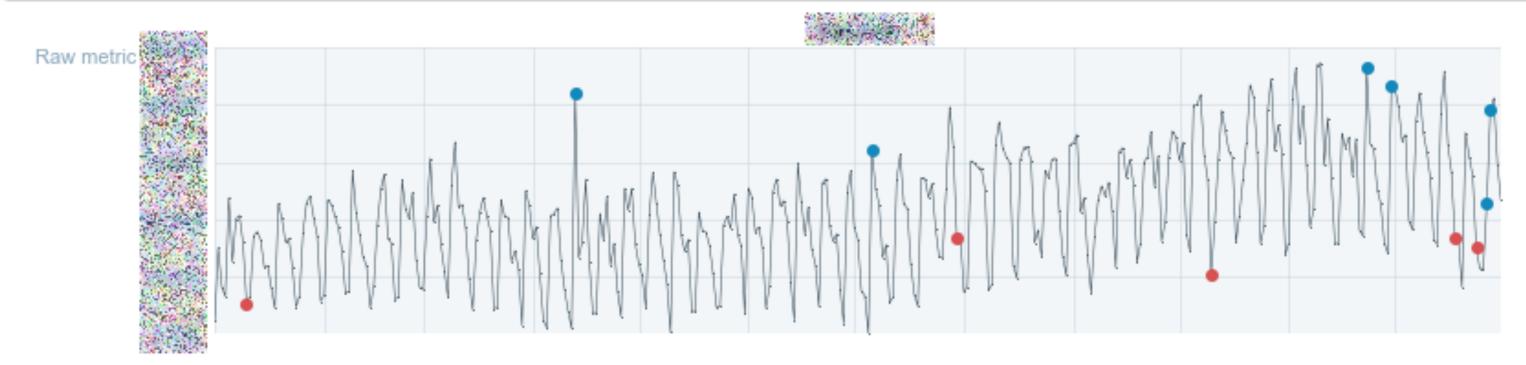
Robert B. Cleveland, William S. Cleveland, Jean E. McRae, and Irma Terpenning

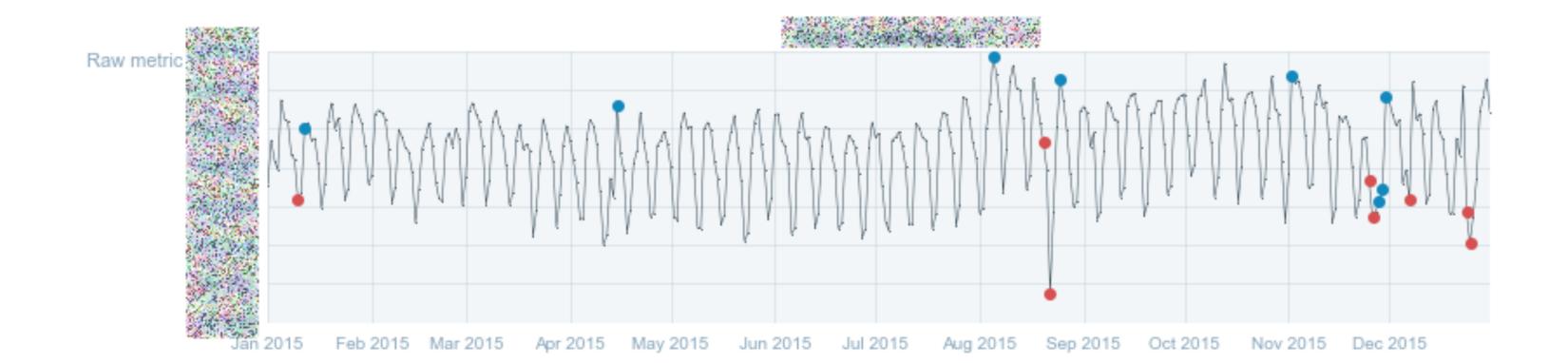




```
10
       class SeasonalModel:
          def __init__(self, seasons, trend):
11
12
              self.seasons = seasons
13
              self.trend = trend
14
15
          def to_dict(self):
16
               if self.seasons is None:
17
                   seasons = None
18
              else:
19
                   seasons = list(self.seasons)
20
               if self.trend is None:
21
                   trend = None
22
              else:
                   trend = list(self.trend)
23
               return {'seasons': seasons, 'trend': trend}
24
25
26
          def copy(self):
               seasons = self.seasons[:] if self.seasons is not None else None
27
              trend = self.trend[:] if self.trend is not None else None
28
               return SeasonalModel(seasons=seasons, trend=trend)
29
30
31
32
       class TimeseriesEstimator_seasonal(TimeseriesEstimator):
33
          Use the `seasonal`[1] module to model the data. Assess anomaly using the residuals
34
35
36
           [1]: https://github.com/welch/seasonal
37
38
           11 11 11
39
40
41
          def __init__(self, points_per_day, period_days, history_days, trend_forecast_method="average", model=None, history=No
42
43
               super(TimeseriesEstimator_seasonal, self).__init__(
44
                   points_per_day=points_per_day, history_days=history_days,
45
                   model=model, history=history, residuals=residuals, scores=scores
            # call to `super` above asserts that proper values of `history`, `residuals`,
              # and `scores`. In this case, we need to add `model` to the similar constraint.
48
              # Unlike the previous case, here we will test the arguments to the
49
              # constructor, and not the actual object memebrs.
50
              optional_arguments = ('history', 'residuals', 'model', 'scores')
51
              optional_defined = [locals()[a] is not None for a in optional_arguments]
52
               if np.any(optional_defined):
53
                   assert np.all(optional_defined)
54
```

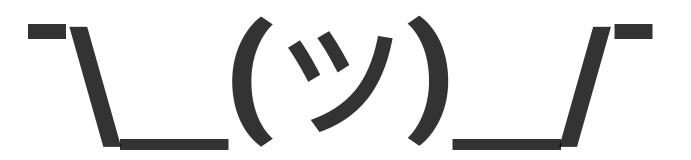
```
In [18]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 1, figsize=(15, 7), sharex=True)
for metric, ax in zip(metric_names, axes):
    visualize_model(
        timestamps=np.array(tbl_2015.index),
        obs=tbl_2015[metric], scores=scores_2015[metric],
        threshold=0.999, str_title=metric, ax=ax
    )
figdisp(fig, title="Labeled data 2015")
```





a2f2 anomaly analysis & future forecast

1 week	In deep trouble The simplicity ladder The hole is deeper than I thought
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Welcome to Bokeh ¶

Bokeh is a Python interactive visualization library that targets modern web browsers for presentation. Its goal is to provide elegant, concise construction of novel graphics in the style of D3.js, and to extend this capability with high-performance interactivity over very large or streaming datasets. Bokeh can help anyone who would like to quickly and easily create interactive plots, dashboards, and capplications.

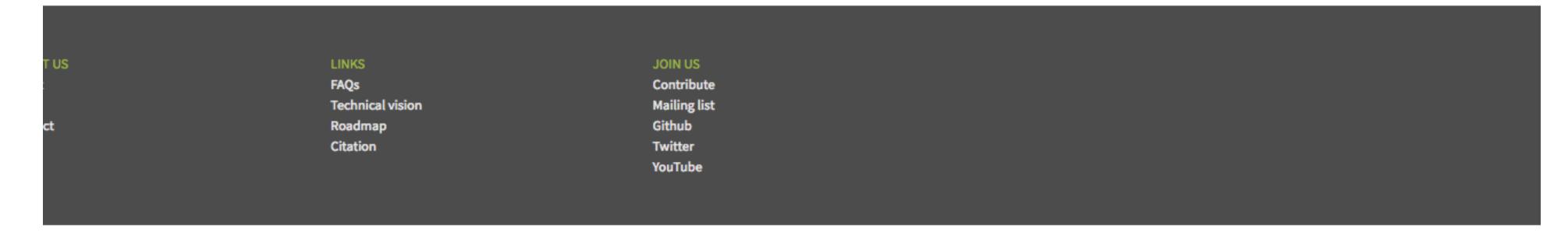
To get started using Bokeh to make your visualizations, see the User Guide.

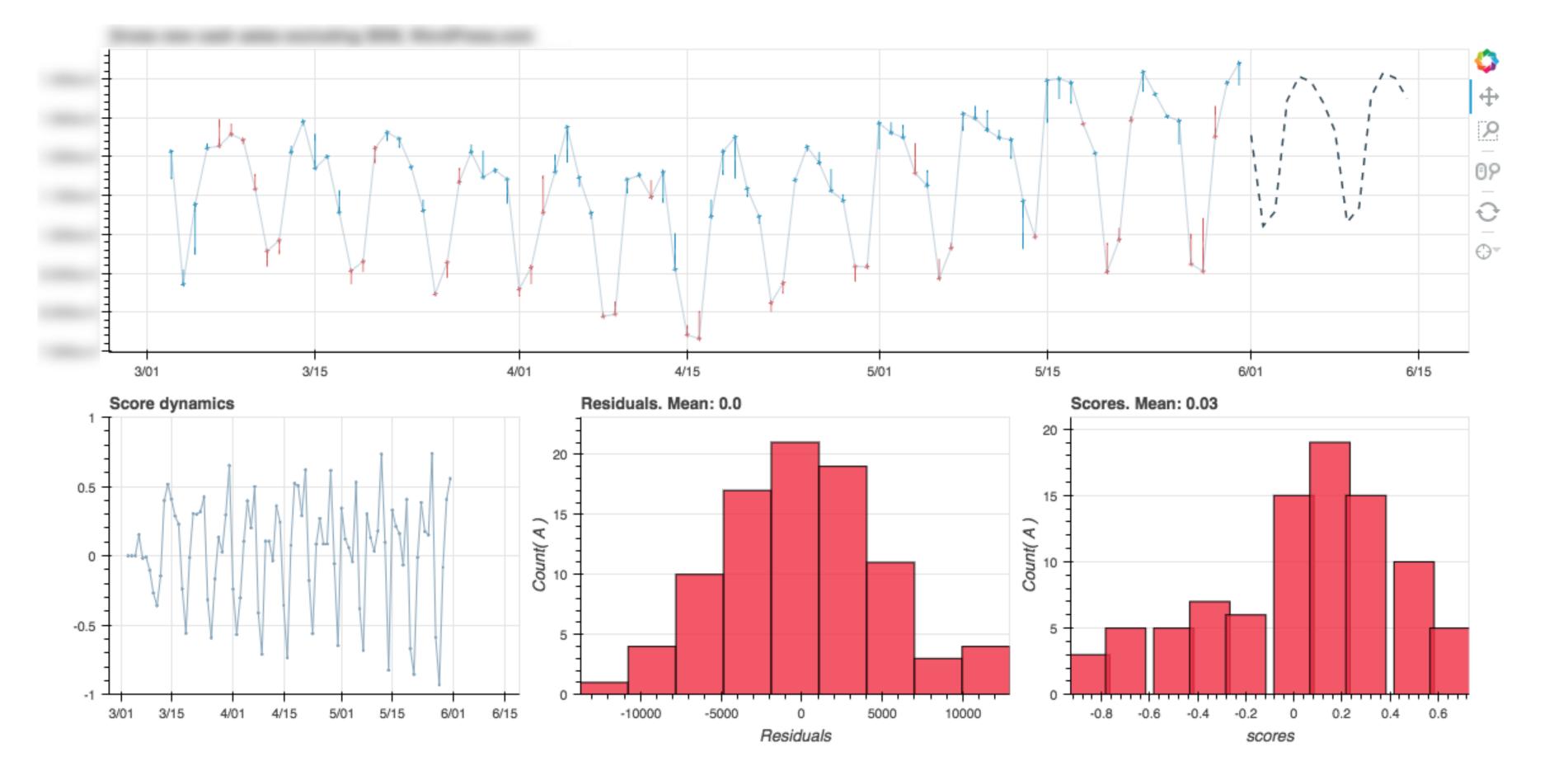
To see examples of how you might use Bokeh with your own data, check out the Gallery.

A complete API reference of Bokeh is at Reference Guide.

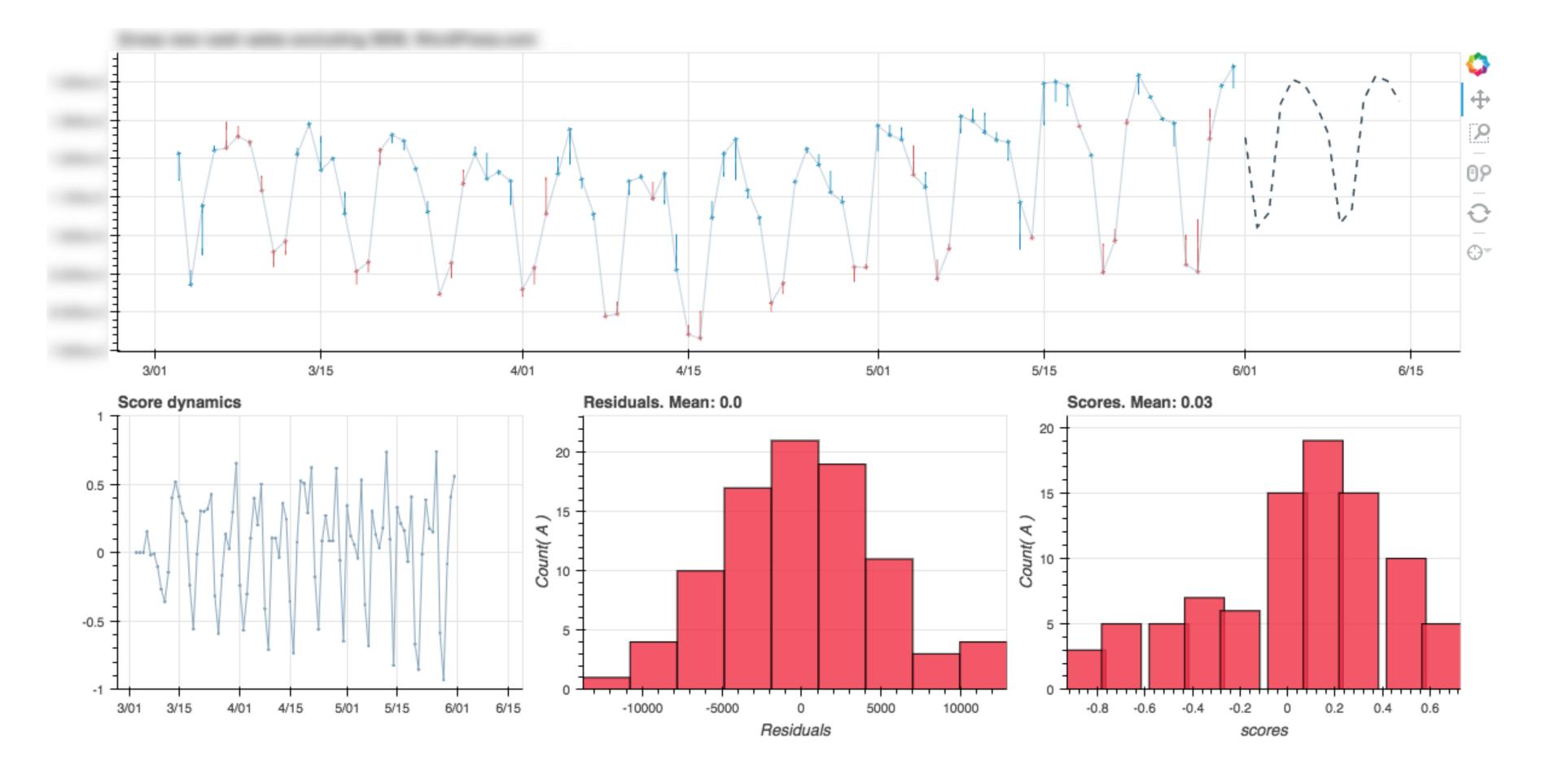
If you are interested in contributing to Bokeh, or extending the library, see the Developer Guide.

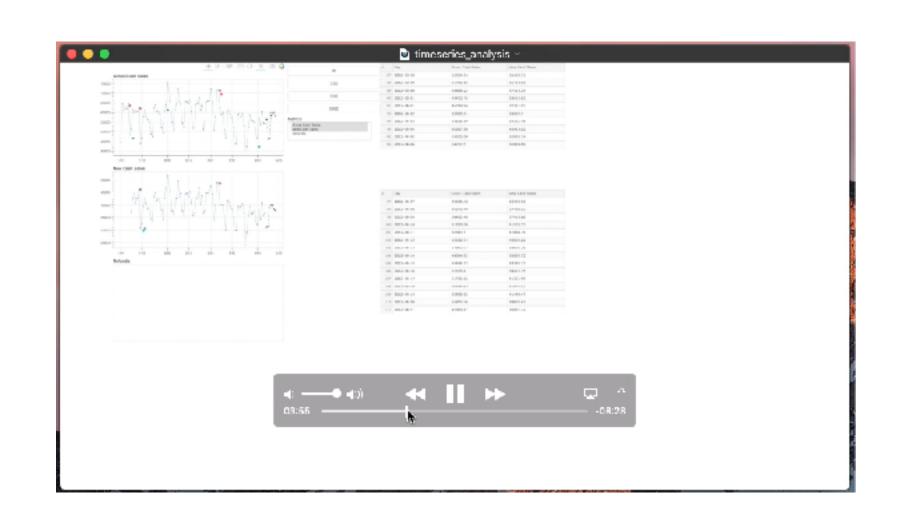


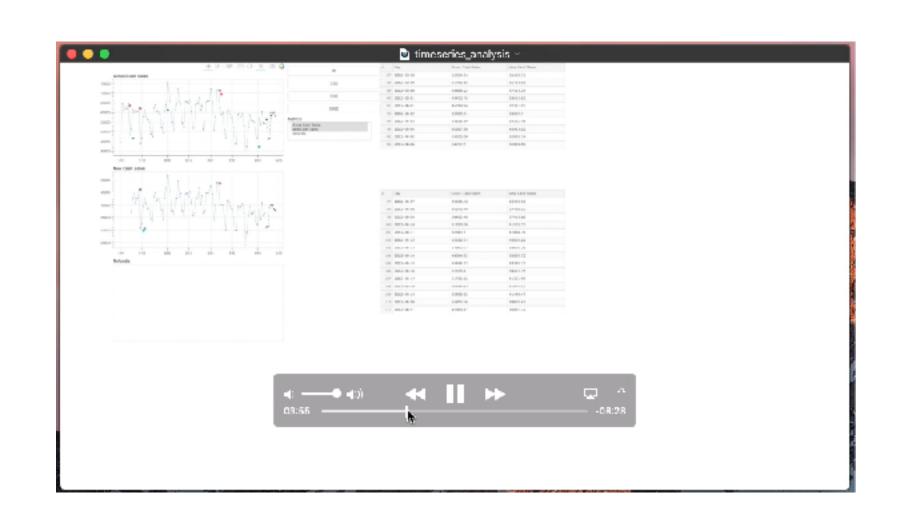


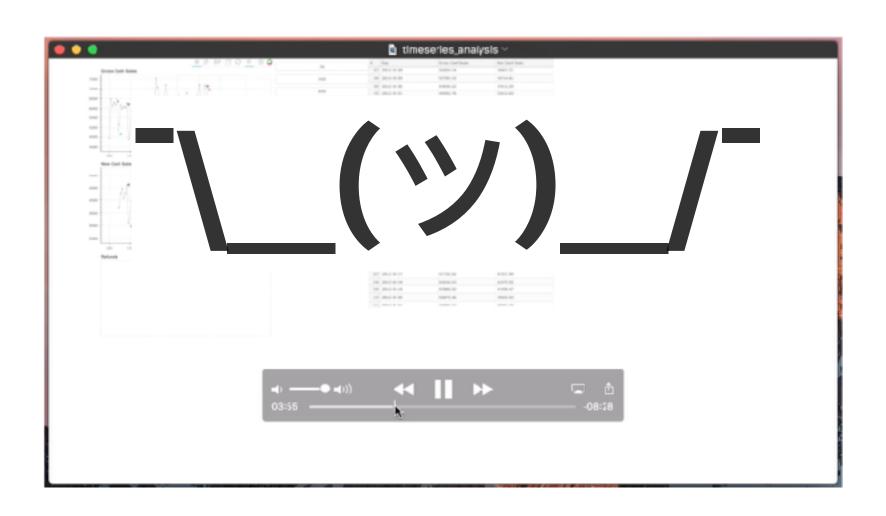














Bottle is a fast, simple and lightweight WSGI micro webframework for Python.

Installation

Install Bottle with pip install bottle Or download the source package at PyPI.

Releases

Warning: This is a preview for Bottle-0.13-dev, which is not released yet. Switch to the latest stable release?

Bottle dev (development) Bottle 0.12 (stable) Bottle 0.11 (old stable)

Download Docs

Download this documentation as PDF or HTML (zip) for offline use.

Resources

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Bottle: Python Web Framework

Bottle is a fast, simple and lightweight WSGI micro web-framework for distributed as a single file module and has no dependencies other that Standard Library.

- Routing: Requests to function-call mapping with support for cle URLs.
- Templates: Fast and pythonic built-in template engine and supplementary and cheetah templates. www.restapitutorial.com
- Utilities: Convenient access HTTP-related metadata.
- Server: Built-in HTTP development gae, cherrypy or any other W

Example: "Hello World" in a bot

```
from bottle import route, run,
@route('/hello/<name>')
def index(name):
   return template('<b>Hello
run(host='localhost', port=808
```

Run this script or paste it into a Py http://localhost:8080/hello/world. T

Download and Install



REST API Tutorial Home Tutorials - HTTP Status Codes Resources

Building RESTful web services, like other programming skills is **part art, part science**. As the internet industry progresses, creating a REST API becomes more concrete with emerging best practices. As RESTful web services. don't follow a prescribed standard except for HTTP, it's important to build your RESTful API in accordance with industry best practices to ease development and increase client adoption.

Presently, there aren't a lot of REST API guides to help the lonely developer. RestApiTutorial.com is dedicated to tracking REST API best practices and making resources available to enable quick reference and self-education for the development grafts-person. We'll discuss both the art and science of creating REST Web services.

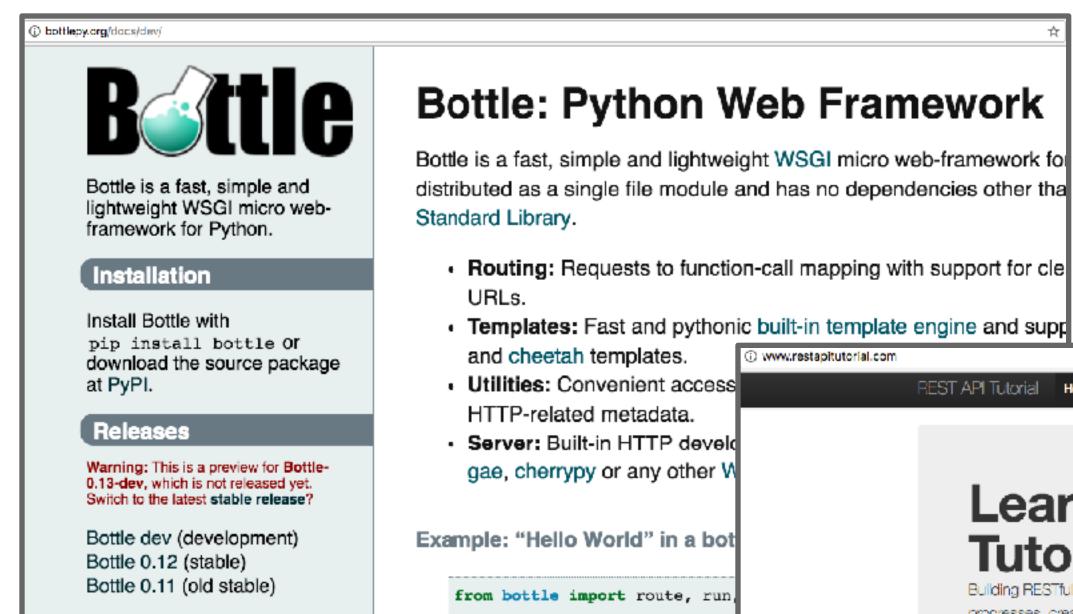
—Todd Fredrich, REST API Expert

Jump in with What Is REST?, an overview of concepts and constraints of the RESTful architecture.

Get Started •



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Download and Install

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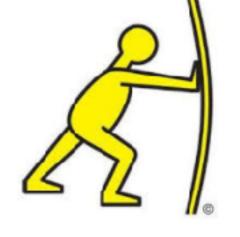














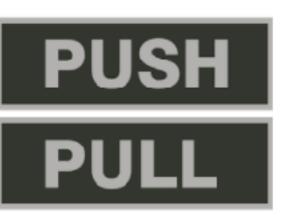




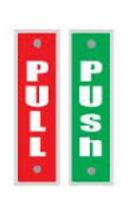
















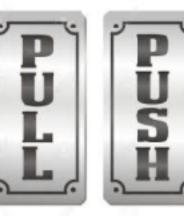


















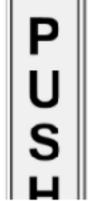








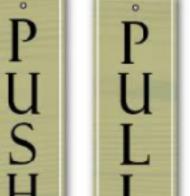


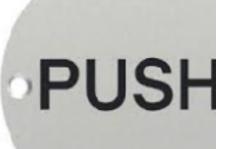




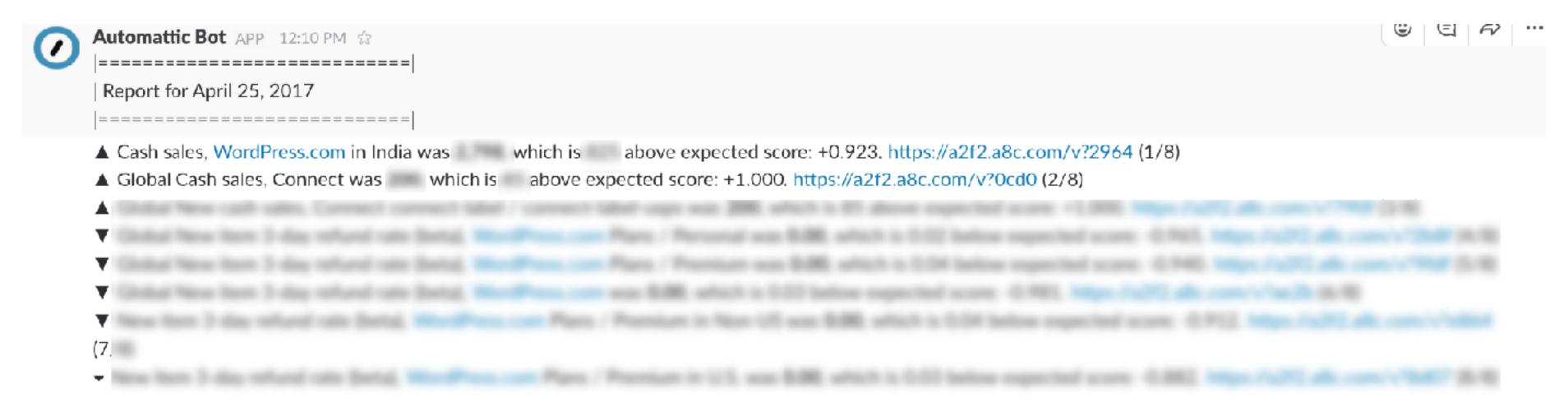








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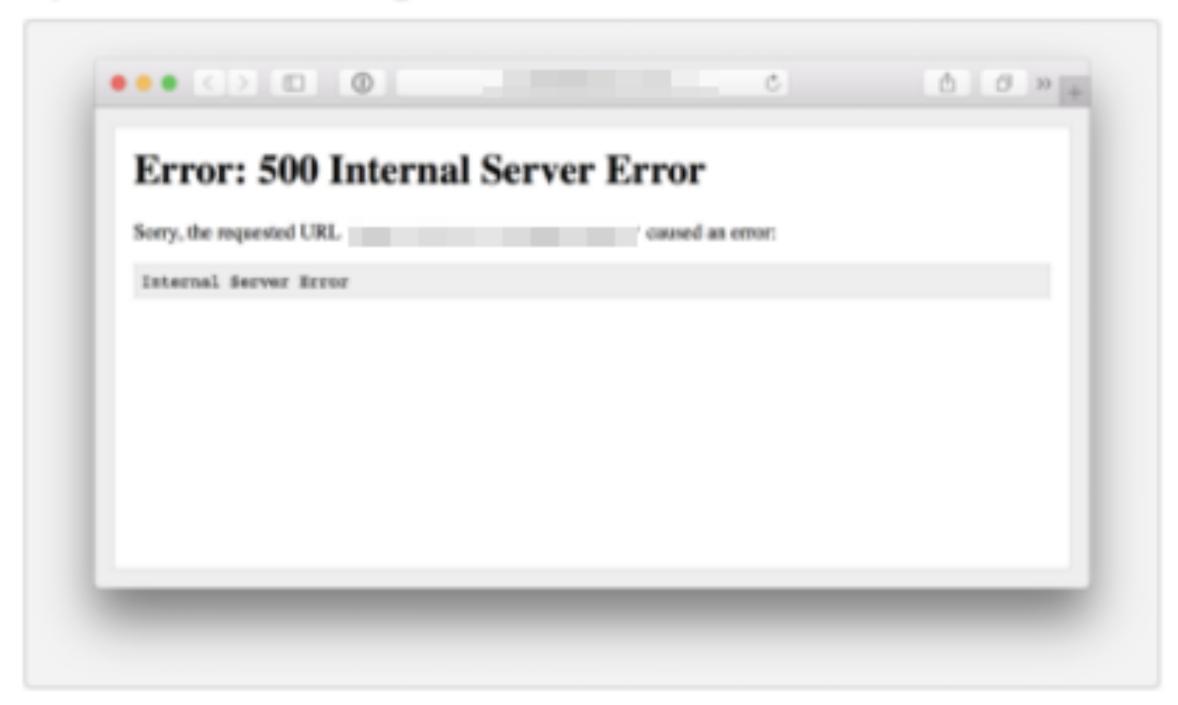
Stu West 12:13 AM

@boris is a2f2 offline? i haven't gotten any alerts in a few days, #scorecard-a2f2 doesn't seem to have gotten any since 2:05am UTC on 9 May, #scorecard-a2f2-debug only has process messages no actual alerts, and older alert links give me (edited)



Stu West 12:13 AM

uploaded this image: Screen Shot 2017-05-11 at 2.12.52 PM.png ▼





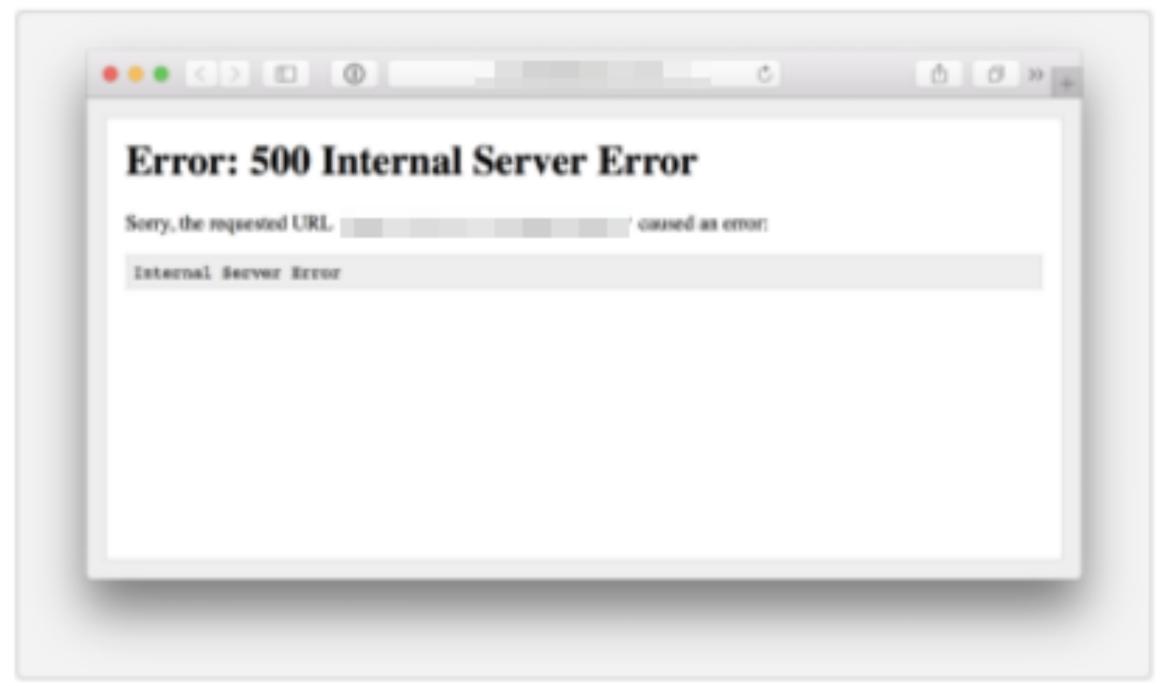
Stu West 12:13 AM

@boris is a2f2 offline? i haven't gotten any alerts in a few days, #scorecard-a2f2 doesn't seem to have gotten any since 2:05am UTC on 9 May, #scorecard-a2f2-debug only has process messages no actual alerts, and older alert links give me (edited)



Stu West 12:13 AM

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Stu West 12:15 AM

i can't live without my alerts!!





Stu West 5:58 AM

scorecard alerts just sent me a slack message flagging today's woo renewals as an anomaly: https://scorecard.a8c.com/metric/c

i think this is the impact of the

a2f2 reached the critical mass

10 users (2% of the company)

In deep trouble
The simplicity ladder
The hole is deeper than I thought
Light at the end of the tunnel
The ladder isn't tall enough
Towards the bright future

modeling

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The simplicity ladder
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1W

modeling

In deep trouble
The **simplicity** ladder
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12W

visualization

web API

push notifications

debugging

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Towards the bright future

- autoregressive integrated moving average (ARIMA)
- fast Fourier transform
- hidden Markov model
- recurrent neural networks
- support vector machines
- •

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Boris Gorelik, Ph.D Data Scientist AUTOMATTIC

Deliver first, improve later



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